



~ 第一章 ~

*TOEFL iBT*

口语高频  
必备词汇



新托福口语  
词汇小伴侣

High frequency words in oral language

Speaking

电子工业出版社版权所有  
盗版必究



Speaking

# List 1

## abandon

[ə'bændən]

- v.** to leave somebody, especially somebody you are responsible for, with no intention of returning (不顾责任、义务等) 离弃, 遗弃, 抛弃 = desert; to leave a thing or place, especially because it is impossible or dangerous to stay (不得已而) 舍弃, 丢弃, 离开 = forsake, leave behind; to stop doing something, especially before it is finished; to stop having something 中止; 放弃 = quit

## abnormal

[æb'nɔ:rm]

- adj.** different from what is usual or expected 不正常的; 异常的; 不规则的 = rogue, deviant, anomalous, non-standard

## aboard

[ə'bo:rd]

- adv.** on a ship, train, plane or other vehicle 在船(或飞机、车)上, 上船(或飞机、车); 靠船边

## abolish

[ə'ba:liʃ]

- v.** to officially end a law, a system or an institution 废除, 废止(法律、制度、习俗等) = cancel, scrap, dismiss, axe, call something off, do away with something

## abrupt

[ə'brʌpt]

**adj.** speaking or acting in a way that seems unfriendly and rude; not taking time to say more than is necessary (言语、行为)粗鲁的,莽撞的,唐突的;生硬的 =curt, brusque

## absolute

['æbsəlu:t]

**adj.** total and complete 完全的;全部的;绝对的 =utter; used, especially in spoken English, to give emphasis to what you are saying (英语口语中尤用以强调)确实的,十足的 =real, perfect, downright

## absorb

[əb'sɔ:rb]

**v.** to make something smaller, become part of something larger 使并入;吞并;同化 =suck, assimilate

## absurd

[əb'sɜ:rd]

**adj.** completely ridiculous; not logical and sensible 荒谬的;荒唐的;怪诞不经的 =ridiculous

## abundant

[ə'bʌndənt]

**adj.** more than enough 充足的,丰富的 =rich, generous

## academic

[,ækə'demɪk]

**adj.** concerned primarily with theories rather than practical matters 学术的,理论的 =theoretical

**accelerate**

[ək'seləreɪt]

- v.** to happen or to make something happen faster or earlier than expected (使) 加快, (使) 增速 =quicken, hasten

**access**

['ækses]

- n.** a way of entering or reaching a place 通道; 入径  
=admission, entrance, entry

**accommodation**

[ə,kɑ:mə'deɪʃn]

- n.** a place to live, work or stay in 住处, 停留处  
=housing

**accomplish**

[ə'kɑ:mplɪʃ]

- v.** to succeed in doing something 实现, 达到 =achieve, attain

**accordant**

[ə'kɔ:rdənt]

- adj.** in keeping with one's needs or expectations 一致的, 和谐的 =compatible

**accumulate**

[ə'kjʊ:mjələɪt]

- v.** to collect a large number of things over a long period of time 堆积, 积累, 积聚 =gather, assemble

**achievement**

[ə'tʃi:vmənt]

- n.** the act or process of achieving something 完成, 达到 =fulfillment; a thing that somebody has done

successfully, especially using their own effort and skill 成就 =accomplishment

## adapt

[ə'dæpt]

**v.** to make or to become suitable to a particular situation or use (使) 适应 =adjust, fit

## adequate

['ædɪkwət]

**adj.** enough in quantity, or good enough in quality, for a particular purpose 充足的, 足够的, 适当的, 胜任的 =sufficient

## administer

[əd'mɪnɪstər]

**v.** to manage the work or money of a company or organization 管理, 经营 =administrate, direct

## advertisement

[,ædvər'taɪzmənt]

**n.** a systematic effort to increase the reputation 广告 =promotion

## affirm

[ə'fɜ:rm]

**v.** to state publicly that something is true or that you support something strongly 确定, 坚称, 申明 =claim, state, assert

## affordable

[ə'fɔ:rdəbl]

**adj.** be able to bear the cost of something 负担得起的 =low-cost

## aggravate

[ˈægrəveɪt]

- v.** to make an illness or a bad or unpleasant situation worse 加重, 恶化 =worsen; to annoy somebody, especially on purpose 激怒, 使恼火 =irritate

## aggregate

**n.** [ˈægrɪgət] a total number or amount made up of smaller amounts that are collected together 总数, 合计 =amount, sum

**adj.** [ˈægrɪgət] made up of several amounts that are added together to form a total number 合计的 =total

**v.** [ˈægrɪgeɪt] to put together different items, amounts, etc. into a single group or total 使聚集, 总计 =accumulate, compile

## agitate

[ˈædʒɪteɪt]

- v.** to argue strongly in public for something you want, especially a political or social change 激烈争论 =campaign; to make somebody feel angry, anxious or nervous 使焦虑, 使不安 =bother, disturb

## allocation

[ˌæləˈkeɪʃn]

- n.** the act of giving something to somebody for a particular purpose 配给, 分配 =delivery

## alternative

[ɔ:l'tɜ:rnətɪv]

- n.** a thing that you can choose to do or have out of two or more possibilities 选择 =choice, option

**amass**

[ə'mæs]

- v.** to get a large amount of something, especially money or information, by collecting it over a long period 积累, 积聚 =accumulate

**ambiance**

['æmbiəns]

- n.** the qualities and character of a particular place 气氛 =atmosphere

**ambiguous**

[æm'biɡjuəs]

- adj.** that can be understood in more than one way or having different meanings 引起歧义的, 有两种意思的; not clearly stated 含糊的, 不明确的 =unclear

**ambitious**

[æm'biʃəs]

- adj.** determined to be successful, rich, powerful, etc. 有抱负的, 雄心勃勃的 =aspiring, aggressive

**ambivalent**

[æm'bivələnt]

- adj.** having two opposing feelings at the same time, or being uncertain about how you feel 矛盾的, 有矛盾心理的 =contradictory

**ample**

['æmpl]

- adj.** enough or more than enough 足够的 =sufficient; large, often in an attractive way 宽敞的, 面积大的 =spacious



## analysis

[ə'næləsɪs]

- n.** the detailed study or examination of something in order to understand more about it; the result of the study 分析, 分析报告 =examination, inspection

## analyst

['ænalɪst]

- n.** someone whose job is to study or examine something in details 分析家, 化验员; a doctor who examines and treats people who are emotionally disturbed 心理分析医师 =psychoanalyst

## analyze

['ænə,laɪz]

- v.** to study closely or systematically 分析 =examine, inspect, investigate

## animated

['ænimetɪd]

- adj.** full of interest or energy 热烈的; 活泼的 =lively, active; made to look as if they were moving 动画的

## annex

[ə'neks]

- v.** to take possession of an area of land or a country, usually by force or without permission 兼并, 吞并 =occupy
- n.** an extra building added to a larger building 附加建筑物

## annihilate

[ə'naɪəleɪt]

- v.** to destroy somebody/something completely 消灭 =eliminate

## annoying

[ə'noɪɪŋ]

**adj.** troubling the nerves or peace of mind 讨厌的，恼人的 =bothersome

## annual

['ænjuəl]

**adj.** happening once every year, or relating to a period of one year 年度的 =yearly

**n.** a publication appearing yearly 年鉴 =yearbook

## annul

[ə'nʌl]

**v.** to officially announce that something such as a law, agreement, or marriage no longer exists 使无效 =abolish, cancel, invalidate

## appealing

[ə'pi:lɪŋ]

**adj.** able to attract interest or draw favorable attention 吸引人的 =attractive

## applicant

['æplɪkənt]

**n.** someone who has formally asked, usually in writing, for a job, a place at a university etc. 申请人

## appointed

[ə'pɔɪntɪd]

**adj.** fixed or established especially by order or command 指定的 =prescribed

## apportion

[ə'pɔ:rn]

- v.** to divide and share out according to a plan 分配  
=allot, allocate

## approach

[ə'prəʊtʃ]

- v.** to come near or nearer to something or someone in space, time, quality or amount 靠近, 接近 =reach
- n.** a way or means of reaching something 途径, 方式, 方法 =method, access, path

## approximate

- [ə'prɑ:ksɪmət] **v.** to be similar or close to something in nature, quality, amount, etc, but not exactly the same 靠近, 使接近 =approach; to calculate or estimate something fairly accurately 接近于, 近似于

- [ə'prɑ:ksɪmət] **adj.** almost correct or exact but not completely so 接近的 =close

## artificial

[,ɑ:rtɪ'fi:ʃl]

- adj.** created by people; not happening naturally 人工的, 人造的 =unnatural; not what it appears to be 虚伪的 =fake

## List 2

### artisan

[ˈɑːrtəzn]

- n.** a person who does skilled work with his or her hands 工匠，技工 =craftsman

### artistic

[ɑːrˈtɪstɪk]

- adj.** showing good taste 有艺术天赋的 = tasteful;  
connected with art or artists 艺术的，艺术家的

### ascertain

[ˌæ sə rˈteɪn]

- v.** to find out the true or correct information about something  
查明；弄清 =establish, identify, determine, discover

### aspect

[ˈæspekt]

- n.** one part of a situation, problem, subject, etc. 方面 =dimension

### assemble

[əˈsemble]

- v.** to bring or call together into a group or whole 聚集 =gather

### assert

[əˈsɜːrt]

- v.** to say that something is certainly true 肯定地说，断言  
=claim, affirm

### assignment

[əˈsainmənt]

- n.** a piece of work given to someone, typically as part  
of their studies or jobs 作业 =homework

**assimilate**

[ə'sɪməleɪt]

- v.** to fully understand an idea or some information so that you are able to use it by yourself 透彻理解, 吸收 =absorb; to become, or allow somebody to become, part of a country or community rather than remaining in a separate group (使)同化, (使)融入

**assume**

[ə'su:m]

- v.** to accept something to be true without question or proof 认定, 假定 =postulate, suppose

**atmosphere**

['ætməsfɪr]

- n.** the feeling or mood that you have in a particular place or situation; a feeling between two people or in a group of people 气氛, 氛围 =surroundings

**attempt**

[ə'tempt]

- v.** to make an effort or try to do something, especially something difficult 尝试, 试图 =try, endeavor
- n.** an act of trying to do something, especially something difficult 尝试, 试图 =effort

**attitude**

['ættɪtʊ:d]

- n.** the way that you think and feel about somebody/ something 态度 =position, posture

## attribute

[ˈætrɪbjʊ:t] **n.** a quality or feature of somebody/something  
属性, 特征 =feature, characteristic

[əˈtrɪbjʊ:t] **v.** to say or believe that something is the result  
of a particular thing 把……归于 =ascribe

## auditorium

[ˌɔ:diˈtɔ:riəm]

**n.** the part of a theater, or similar building, where the  
audience sit 观众席; a large building or room in  
which public meetings, concerts, etc. are held 礼堂,  
会堂 =assembly

## authority

[əˈθɔ:ɾəti]

**n.** the power to give orders to people 权力, 权威  
=command, power

## authorization

[ˌɔ:θəəˈzeɪʃn]

**n.** official permission or power to do something, the act  
of giving permission 批准, 认可 =approbation

## automatically

[ˌɔ:təˈmæɪtɪkli]

**adv.** done or happening without thinking 自动地, 自发地  
=mechanically

## available

[əˈveɪləbl]

**adj.** capable of being obtained or used 可得到的, 可用的  
=obtainable

**awaken**

[ə'weɪkən]

**v.** to make someone wake up 唤醒 =arouse

**awkward**

['ɔ:kwəd]

**adj.** difficult to deal with 难处理的, 棘手的 =difficult; not moving in an easy way 笨拙的, 不灵活的 =clumsy

**balance**

['bæləns]

**n.** a state where things are of equal weight or force 平衡 =equilibrium

**behavior**

[bɪ'heɪvjə]

**n.** the manner of conducting oneself 行为, 举止 =conduct and acts

**biological**

[,baɪə'lɑ:dʒɪkl]

**adj.** connected with the science of biology 生物的

**bizarre**

[bɪ'zɑ:r]

**adj.** very unusual or strange 奇异的, 奇怪的 =odd

**blend**

[blend]

**v.** to mix two or more substance together 混合, 掺和 =mix, combine

**n.** a mixture of different things or styles (不同种类的) 混合物

## blessing

['blesɪŋ]

- n.** good wishes 祝愿 =worship; something that is good or helpful 好事, 幸事 =luck, benefit; approval of or permission for something 支持, 准许 =approval

## boost

[bu:st]

- v.** to increase or improve something and make it more successful 推进, 增加 =increase, raise
- n.** an increase in something 提高, 增加 =increase

## boring

['bɔ:riŋ]

- adj.** arousing no interest or curiosity 烦人的, 无趣的 =tiresome, tedious

## branch

[bræntʃ]

- n.** a local business, shop etc. belonging to a larger company or organization 分部, 分店 =division

## brief

[brɪ:f]

- adj.** short in time, duration, length, or extent 短暂的 =short

## brilliant

['brɪlɪənt]

- adj.** extremely clever or highly skilled 卓越的, 杰出的 =excellent; bright broad-minded willing to respect opinions or behaviors that are very different from your own 心胸开阔的 =open-minded



**budget**

['bʌdʒɪt]

- n.** the money that is available to an organization or a person, or a plan of how it will be spent 预算
- v.** to plan to spend an amount of money for a particular purpose 编入预算, 安排 =schedule

**burden**

['bɜ:rdn]

- n.** a duty or responsibility that is a source of anxiety, worry, or hardship 负担 =millstone; a heavy load that is difficult to carry 负荷, 重担

**candidate**

['kændɪdət]

- n.** a person who applies for or seeks something, such as a job or position 申请人, 候选人 =applicant

**capacity**

[kə'pæsəti]

- n.** the total amount that can be contained or produced 容量 =volume; the ability to do a particular thing 才能, 能力 =ability

**capital**

['kæpɪtl]

- n.** money or property, especially when it is used to start a business or to produce more wealth 资金 =money, stock

**catastrophe**

[kə'tæstrəfi]

- n.** a sudden event that causes very great trouble or destruction 大灾难, 大祸 =disaster

## category

['kætəgɔ:ri]

- n.** a group of people or things having some features that are the same 种类, 类别 =classification

## certify

['sɜ:rtɪfaɪ]

- v.** to state officially, especially in writing, that something is true (尤指书面) 证明 =testify

## charge

[tʃɑ:rdʒ]

- v.** to accuse somebody of something, especially formally in a court of law 指控, 控告 =sue

## charity

['tʃærəti]

- n.** an organization for helping people in need 慈善机构, 慈善组织; the aim of giving money, food, help, etc. to people who are in need 慈善(事业) =beneficence

## charm

[tʃɑ:rm]

- n.** the quality of being pleasant or attractive 魅力, 吸引力 =appeal, beauty
- v.** to please or attract somebody in order to make them like you or do what you want 吸引, 使陶醉 =tempt, draw

## List 3

### circumstance

[ˈsɜːrkəmstæns]

- n.** the conditions and facts that are connected with and affect a situation, an event or an action 状况, 情况  
=condition, situation

### cite

[saɪt]

- v.** to speak or write the exact words from a book, an author, etc. 引用 =quote

### civil

['sɪvəl]

- adj.** connected with the people who live in a country 公民的, 国民的 =public; connected with the state rather than with religion or with the armed forces 平民的, 民用的; polite in a formal way but possibly not friendly 文明的 =polite, courteous

### civilization

[ˌsɪvələ'zeɪʃn]

- n.** a state of human society that is highly developed and organized 文明, 文化 =culture

### claim

[kleɪm]

- v.** to say that something is true, although you cannot prove it and other people may not believe it 声称  
=assert

## clarify

['klærəfaɪ]

- v.** to make something clearer or easier to understand  
使更清晰易懂，阐明 =illustrate

## classify

['klæsə,faɪ]

- v.** to arrange something in groups according to features that they have in common 将……分类；将……归类  
=categorize, file, sort, group

## cognition

[kɑ:g'nɪʃn]

- n.** the process of knowing, understanding, and learning something 认知，认知力 =understanding, perception

## collapse

[kə'læps]

- v.** to fall down suddenly because of pressure or lack of strength or support 倒塌，坍塌 =break, topple  
**n.** sudden fall 崩溃，瓦解 =breakdown

## collision

[kə'lɪʒn]

- n.** an accident in which two or more people or vehicles hit each other while moving in different directions 碰撞 =crash, impact

## combine

[kəm'baɪn]

- v.** to come together to form a single thing or group (使)合并，(使)结合 =connect, mix, unite

**comfortable**

['kʌmfətəbl]

**adj.** affording pleasurable ease 舒服的, 轻松的 =cozy

**commercial**

[kə'mɜ:ɪʃl]

**adj.** of or relating to the buying and selling of goods  
商业的 =marketing

**commission**

[kə'mɪʃn]

**n.** a group of people who have been given responsibility to control something, or to find out about something  
委员会 =committee

**compatible**

[kəm'pætəbl]

**adj.** able to exist, live together, or work successfully with something or someone else 兼容的, 能共处的 =agreeable

**compel**

[kəm'pel]

**v.** to force someone to do something 强迫, 迫使  
=constrain, force

**compensate**

['kɑ:mpenseɪt]

**v.** to provide something good to balance or reduce the bad effects of damage, loss, etc. 补偿, 弥补 =make up for, balance

## competent

['kɑ:mptɪtənt]

**adj.** able to do something well 有能力的, 能胜任的  
=capable, able

## compile

[kəm'paɪl]

**v.** to collect information from a variety of places and arrange it in a book, report or list 汇编, 编纂 =assemble

## complement

['kɑ:mplɪmənt] **v.** to add to something in a way that improves it or makes it more attractive  
补充, 补足 =supply, complete

['kɑ:mplɪmənt] **n.** a thing that adds new qualities to something in a way that improves it or makes it more attractive 补足物, 衬托物 =supplement

## complicate

['kɑ:mplɪkət]

**v.** to make something more difficult to deal with, do or understand 使复杂 =confuse

## compliment

['kɑ:mplɪmənt] **v.** to tell somebody that you like or admire something they have done 称赞, 赞美 =flatter, praise

['kɑ:mplɪmənt] **n.** a remark that expresses approval, admiration or respect 赞美, 恭维 =praise

**composite**

[kəm'pə:zət]

**adj.** made of different parts or materials 合成的，复合的 =combined

**n.** something that is made of various different parts 合成物，复合材料 =mixture

**comprehend**

[,kɑ:mpri'hend]

**v.** to understand something fully 领会，理解 =understand

**compulsion**

[kəm'pʌlʃn]

**n.** a very strong or uncontrollable desire to do something 冲动，强烈的欲望 =urge, impulse

**compulsory**

[kəm'pʌlsəri]

**adj.** that must be done because of a law or a rule 必须做的，强制性的 =mandatory, obligatory

**conceive**

[kən'si:v]

**v.** to form an idea, a plan, etc. in your mind; to imagine something 构思 =design

**concentrate**

['kɑ:nsntreit]

**v.** to give all your attention to something and not think about anything else 专注，集中 =focus on, converge

**concrete**

['kɑ:ŋkri:t]

**adj.** based on facts, not on ideas or guesses 确实的, 具体的 =real; a concrete object is one that you can see and feel 有形的, 实在的 =tangible

**conduct**

[kən'dʌkt]

**v.** to direct the course of (an activity) or to show the way to 指挥, 指引 =direct

**conform**

[kən'fɔ:rm]

**v.** to agree with or match something 一致, 吻合 =agree; to behave according to the usual standards of behavior which are expected by a group or society 遵守 =comply, observe

**confront**

[kən'frʌnt]

**v.** to meet face to face 面对 =encounter, face

**confusing**

[kən'fju:zɪŋ]

**adj.** unclear and difficult to understand 令人困惑的 =puzzling

**consensus**

[kən'sensəs]

**n.** the quality or condition of being in complete agreement or harmony 一致同意 =agreement



**consequence** ['kɑ:nsəkwens]

**n.** an often bad or inconvenient result of a particular action or situation 结果, 后果 =result

**consequently** ['kɑ:nsəkwentli]

**adv.** as a result 结果 =hence, therefore

**considerable** [kən'sɪdərəbl]

**adj.** great in amount, size, importance, etc. 相当大(或重要)的 =significant

**consistently** [kən'sɪstəntli]

**adv.** in an expected or customary manner 一贯地 =accordingly

**constant** ['kɑ:nstənt]

**adj.** remaining continually unchanged 不变的, 持续的 =changeless, consistent

**constantly** ['kɑ:nstəntli]

**adv.** all the time or frequently 经常地, 不断地 =continually, often

**constitute** ['kɑ:nstətʊ:t]

**v.** to form or make something 组成, 构成 =compose, form

**consume**

[kən'su:m]

- v.** to use fuel, energy or time, especially in large amounts 消耗 =expend, spend

**contradict**

[,kɑ:ntrə'dɪkt]

- v.** to fail to be in accord 矛盾 =conflict, disaccord

**convention**

[kən'venʃn]

- n.** a usual or accepted way of behaving, especially in social situations 习俗, 惯例 =custom

**convince**

[kən'vɪns]

- v.** to make somebody/yourself believe that something is true 使确信 =assure; to persuade somebody to do something 说服, 劝说 =persuade

**courageous**

[kə'reɪdʒəs]

- adj.** having or showing courage 勇敢的 =brave, bold, fearless, daring, adventurous

**credit**

['kredɪt]

- n.** an arrangement that you make, with a shop/store for example, to pay later for something you buy 赊购, 赊欠; praise or approval because you are responsible for something good that has happened 赞扬, 认可 =trust, honor; a unit of study at a college or university 学分

**v.** to add an amount of money to somebody's bank account (把钱) 存入(账户); to believe or say that somebody is responsible for doing something, especially something good 把……归于, 认为是……的功劳 =attribute

## critic

[ˈkrɪtɪk]

**n.** someone whose job is to make judgments about the good and bad qualities of art, music, films, etc. 批评家, 鉴定家 =reviewer

电子工业出版社版权所有  
盗版必究

---

### 名言佳句

*Books are the mirrors of the soul.*

书籍是灵魂的镜子。

---

## List 4

### critical

['krɪtɪkəl]

**adj.** extremely important because a future situation will be affected by it 决定性的 =crucial; serious, uncertain and possibly dangerous 危险的, 严重的 =serious

### crucial

['kru:ʃl]

**adj.** extremely important, because it will affect other things 至关重要的; 关键性的 =critical, essential

### cultivate

['kʌltɪveɪt]

**v.** to develop an attitude, a way of talking or behaving, etc. (逐渐) 形成, 培养 =develop; to try to get somebody's friendship or support 结交(朋友), 建立(友谊)

### curious

['kjʊrɪəs]

**adj.** having a strong desire to know about something 好奇的 =inquisitive

### current

['kɜ:rənt]

**adj.** in existence now 目前的 =present

**data**

[ˈdeɪtə]

- n.** information, especially facts or numbers, collected for examination and consideration 数据, 资料  
=information

**deduct**

[dɪˈdʌkt]

- v.** to take away money, points, etc. from a total amount  
扣除 =subtract

**definite**

[ˈdefɪnət]

- adj.** fixed, certain or clear 明确的, 确切的, 肯定的  
=distinct, pronounced

**delicate**

[ˈdelɪkət]

- adj.** easily damaged or broken 易碎的 =fragile; not strong and easily becoming ill/sick 娇弱的 =weak; made or formed in a very careful and detailed way 精美的, 精致的 =exquisite, fine

**demand**

[dɪˈmænd]

- v.** to ask for something forcefully 要求 =ask, request

**demonstrate**

[ˈdemənstreɪt]

- v.** to show or make clear 展示 =exhibit

**dense**

[dens]

- adj.** thick; close together; difficult to go or see through 密集的, 浓密的, 密度大的 =crowded, packed

**depart**

[dɪ'pɑ:rt]

- v.** to leave, especially when you are starting a journey  
出发 =leave

**dependence**

[dɪ'pendəns]

- n.** the state of needing the help and support of somebody/something in order to survive or be successful 依赖, 依靠 =support

**depict**

[dɪ'pɪkt]

- v.** to present a lifelike image of 描绘, 描述 =describe

**deposit**

[dɪ'pɑ:zɪt]

- n.** a sum of money that is paid into a bank account 存款, 储蓄; a sum of money that is given as the first part of a large payment 订金, 保证金 =down payment

**depressed**

[dɪ'prest]

- adj.** in low spirits 沮丧的 =blue, dejected

**detect**

[dɪ'tekt]

- v.** to discover or notice something, especially something that is not easy to see, hear, etc. 发现, 查明 =discover

**detective**

[dɪ'tektɪv]

- n.** someone whose job is to discover information about crimes 侦探, 私人侦探 =investigator

**detest**

[dɪ'test]

- v.** to hate someone or something very much 憎恶  
=abominate, loathe

**device**

[dɪ'vaɪs]

- n.** an object or a piece of equipment that has been designed to do a particular job 装置 =appliance, instrument; a plan or trick that is used to get something that somebody wants 计划, 诡计 =plan, scheme

**diffusion**

[dɪ'fju:ʒn]

- n.** spreading something or becoming spread widely in many directions 扩散 =extension

**dignity**

['dɪgnəti]

- n.** a calm and serious manner that deserves respect 庄严, 端庄; the fact of being given honor and respect by people 高尚, 尊贵 =nobleness, nobility

**dilute**

[daɪ'lu:t]

- v.** to make a liquid weaker by mixing in something else 稀释, 冲淡 =weaken, thin

**diminish**

[dɪ'mɪnɪʃ]

- v.** to become or make something become smaller, weaker, less etc. (使) 减少, 使变小 =decrease, reduce

## disappointing

[ˌdɪsə'pɔɪntɪŋ]

**adj.** not as good as you hoped or expected 令人失望的  
=unsatisfying

## disaster

[dɪ'zæstər]

**n.** a sudden event such as a flood, storm, or accident which causes great damage or suffering 灾难, 不幸  
=calamity

## discipline

['dɪsəplɪn]

**n.** the practice of training people to obey rules and orders and punishing them if they do not, or the controlled behavior or situation that results from this training 纪律; the ability to control your own behavior, so that you do what you are expected to do 自制力

**v.** to train somebody to obey particular rules and control the way they behave 训练, 教导 =train

## disguise

[dɪs'gaɪz]

**v.** to change or modify so as to prevent recognition of the true identity 伪装 =camouflage

## disposition

[ˌdɪspə'zɪʃn]

**n.** the particular type of character which a person naturally has 性情, 性格 =temper, character



**disrupt**

[dɪs'rʌpt]

- v.** to prevent something, especially a system, process or event, from continuing as usual 使中断, 扰乱 =disorganize, disturb

**distinct**

[dɪ'stɪŋkt]

- adj.** without any doubt 分明的, 清楚的 =decided, definite

**distinction**

[dɪ'stɪŋkʃn]

- n.** a difference between two similar things 差别, 区分 =unlikeness, difference

**distinctive**

[dɪ'stɪŋktɪv]

- adj.** having a quality or characteristic that makes something different and easily noticed 有特色的 =characteristic

**distract**

[dɪ'strækt]

- v.** to take somebody's attention away from what they are trying to do 分散 =divert

**distress**

[dɪ'stres]

- n.** a state of physical or mental suffering 悲痛, 不幸 =anguish

**distribute**

[dɪ'strɪbjʊ:t]

- v.** to give something out to several people, or to spread or supply something 分发, 分配 =dispense

**disturb**

[dɪ'stɜ:rb]

**v.** to interrupt what someone is doing 打扰 =bother

**diverse**

[daɪ'vɜ:rs]

**adj.** varied or different 不同的，多种多样的，变化多的  
=various

**dolente**

[dou'lenti:]

**adj.** experiencing or showing sorrow or unhappiness  
悲痛的，哀伤的 =sad, sorrowful

**dominant**

['da:mɪnənt]

**adj.** more important, strong or noticeable than anything  
else of the same type 占优势的；统治的 =prevailing

**donation**

[dou'neiʃn]

**n.** something given to a charity or cause in order to  
help them 捐助 =benefaction

**doomy**

['du:mi]

**adj.** suggesting disaster and unhappiness 使人沮丧的，  
显示厄运的 =gloomy

**dormant**

['dɔ:rmənt]

**adj.** temporarily inactive 暂时不活动的，休眠的 =sleeping

**drastic** ['dræstɪk]

**adj.** extreme in a way that has a sudden, serious or violent effect on something 急剧的 =violent, rough

**dumb** [dʌm]

**adj.** temporarily unable or unwilling to speak 不会说话的, 沉默寡言的 =silent, speechless

**durable** ['dʊrəbl]

**adj.** able to last a long time without becoming damaged 耐用的, 持久的 =long-lasting

**dusty** ['dʌsti]

**adj.** full of dust, covered with dust 布满灰尘的; not bright (颜色等) 不明亮的 =dull

**dynamic** [daɪ'næmɪk]

**adj.** full of energy, or full of new and exciting ideas 精力充沛的, 富有创新思想的 =active, energetic

**element** ['elɪmənt]

**n.** a necessary or typical part of something 因素, 要素 =component, constituent

**endanger** [ɪn'deɪndʒər]

**v.** to put somebody/something in a situation in which they could be harmed or damaged 危及, 危害 =imperil, hazard

## enhance

[ɪn'hæns]

- v.** to improve the quality, amount or strength of something 增强, 提高 =improve, better

## enormous

[ɪ'nɔ:rməs]

- adj.** extremely large 巨大的, 极大的, 庞大的 =huge, vast

## enrich

[ɪn'ri:tʃ]

- v.** to make somebody/something rich or richer 使富裕, 使富有; to improve the quality of something, often by adding something to it 使丰富, 充实 =enhance, better, uplift

---

### 名言佳句

*However many tears you have shed, are the number of smiling faces waiting for you.*

你流过多少泪, 就有多少笑容在等待你。

---

## List 5

### enroll

[ɪn'roul]

- v.** to arrange for yourself or somebody else to officially join a course, school, etc. 登记, 注册 =enlist, register

### ensure

[ɪn'ʃʊr]

- v.** to make certain that something will happen properly 确保 =assure

### enterprise

['entəpraɪz]

- n.** a company or business 公司; 企业单位; 事业单位 =company, firm, corporation; a large project, especially one that is difficult (尤指艰巨而重大的) 规划, 事业 =venture

### entertain

[,entə'teɪn]

- v.** to amuse or interest people in a way that gives them pleasure 使有兴趣, 使快乐 =amuse

### enthusiastic

[ɪn,θu:zi'æstɪk]

- adj.** feeling or showing a lot of excitement and interest about somebody/something 热情的, 热心的, 热烈的; 满腔热忱的 =zealous, keen, avid

**entitle**

[ɪn'taɪtl]

- v.** to give someone the right to do or have something  
给……权利，给……资格 =authorize

**envision**

[ɪn'vɪʒn]

- v.** to imagine or expect as a likely or desirable possibility in the future 想象，预想 =imagine

**equivocal**

[ɪ'kwɪvəkəl]

- adj.** unclear and seeming to have two opposing meanings, or confusing 模棱两可的，可疑的  
=questionable, ambiguous

**equivocate**

[ɪ'kwɪvəkət]

- v.** to speak in a way that is intentionally unclear and confusing to other people 含糊其词 =prevaricate

**eradicate**

[ɪ'rædɪkət]

- v.** to completely get rid of or destroy something bad  
根除 =wipe out

**erase**

[ɪ'reɪs]

- v.** to get rid of something 擦掉，抹去 =delete, cross out

**esteemed**

[ɪ'sti:md]

- adj.** regarded with respect 声望很高的 = honored, prestigious

**eternal**

[ɪ'tɜːrnl]

**adj.** lasting forever or for a very long time 永恒的  
=permanent, enduring, immortal

**ethic**

['eθɪk]

**n.** a system of accepted beliefs which control behavior, especially a system based on morals 道德(行为)准则 =morality

**ethnic**

['eθnɪk]

**adj.** of a national or racial group of people 种族的

**evaporate**

[ɪ'væpəreɪt]

**v.** to cause a liquid to change to a gas, especially by heating 使蒸发 =vaporize

**evident**

['eɪvɪdənt]

**adj.** easily seen or understood 明显的; 明白的 =obvious

**evolve**

[ɪ'vɑːlv]

**v.** to develop gradually, or to cause somebody/ something to develop gradually (使)发展, (使)进化 =develop

**executive**

[ɪg'zekjətɪv]

**n.** a person or group having administrative or managerial authority in an organization 行政领导, 经理 =director, manager

**adj.** concerned with the management and carrying out plans, decisions, etc. (尤指企业中) 经营管理的, 经营的 =administrative

## exemplify

[ɪg'zemplɪfaɪ]

**v.** to give an example in order to make something clearer 验证 =illustrate

## exhibit

[ɪg'zɪbɪt]

**v.** to show something in a public place for people to enjoy or to give them information 陈列, 展示 =display, show

## extinction

[ɪk'stɪŋkʃn]

**n.** a situation in which a plant, an animal, a way of life, etc. stops existing 消亡 =disappearance, death, destruction

## extrinsic

[eks'trɪnsɪk]

**adj.** not belonging naturally to somebody/something; coming from or existing outside somebody/something rather than within them 非本质的, 外在的, 外来的 =outside, outward, extraneous, foreign

## extroverted

['ekstrəvɜ:rtɪd]

**adj.** disposed to be open, sociable and talkative 性格外向的 =outgoing



**fabricate**

['fæbrɪkeɪt]

- v.** to invent false information in order to trick people  
伪造, 杜撰 =make up; to make or produce goods,  
equipment, etc. from various different materials 制造  
=manufacture

**fabulous**

['fæbjələs]

- adj.** extremely good 极好的, 极妙的 =remarkable, striking

**facilitate**

[fə'sɪlɪteɪt]

- v.** to make an action or a process possible or easier  
促进, 帮助 =promote, assist, aid, ease

**faithful**

['feɪθfl]

- adj.** staying with or supporting a particular person,  
organization or belief 忠实的, 忠诚的 =loyal

**false**

[fɔ:ls]

- adj.** not real, but made to look or seem real 错误的, 伪  
造的 =fake

**fascinate**

['fæsɪneɪt]

- v.** to interest someone a lot 使迷惑, 使着迷 =enchant,  
bewitch

**feedback**

['fi:dbæk]

- n.** response to an inquiry or experiment 回馈 =response,  
reaction

**fidelity**

[fɪ'deləti]

- n.** faithfulness or devotion to a person, a cause, obligations or duties 忠诚 =faithfulness, loyalty

**flexibility**

[,fleksə'bɪləti]

- n.** the ability to make changes or deal with a situation that is changing 灵活性, 适应性 =elasticity

**flourish**

['flɜ:rɪʃ]

- v.** to grow or develop successfully 茂盛, 繁荣, 兴旺  
=flower, prosper, thrive

**fluctuate**

['flʌktʃueɪt]

- v.** to change or vary continuously and from one extreme to another 波动, 涨落, 起伏 =vacillate

**forbid**

[fə'rɪbɪd]

- v.** to tell someone that they are not allowed to do something, or that something is not allowed 禁止  
=ban, debar

**form**

[fɔ:rm]

- n.** the particular way something is, seems, looks or is presented 形状, 外形 =shape

**formal**

['fɔ:rməl]

- adj.** official, following an agreed or official way of doing things 正式的 =official

**former**

[ˈfɔːrmər]

**adj.** before the present time or in the past 以前的, 昔日的 =previous, prior

**formula**

[ˈfɔːrmjələ]

**n.** a plan that is invented in order to deal with a particular problem 原则, 规划 =principle; a particular method of doing or achieving something 方案, 方法 =method

**foundation**

[faʊn'deɪʃn]

**n.** a principle, an idea or a fact that something is based on and that it grows from 基础 =basis

**foxy**

[ˈfɑːksi]

**adj.** clever at tricking others 狡猾的, 狡诈的 =cunning; (of a woman) sexually attractive (女子) 性感的, 迷人的 =sexy

## List 6

### fragrance

[ˈfreɪŋrəns]

**n.** a sweet or pleasant odor 香气 =scent, perfume

### frame

[freɪm]

**n.** the general ideas or structures that form the background to something 框架, 骨架 =form, framework, structure

### frightened

[ˈfraɪtnd]

**adj.** the feeling of fear, especially if felt suddenly 惊吓的 =scared

### frustrating

[ˈfrʌstreɪtɪŋ]

**adj.** causing you to feel annoyed and impatient because you cannot do or achieve what you want 令人泄气的, 使人沮丧的 =discouraging

### fulfill

[fulˈfɪl]

**v.** to do or achieve what was hoped for or expected 实现, 达到 =achieve, accomplish; to have a particular role or purpose 履行, 发挥 =perform

### graceful

[ˈɡreɪsfl]

**adj.** behaving in a polite and pleasant way 优美的 =elegant

**greet**

[gri:t]

- v.** to address in a friendly and respectful way 接待; 欢迎  
=welcome

**gregarious**

[gri'geriəs]

- adj.** friendly and preferring to be with other people 社交的  
=sociable, convivial

**handout**

['hændaut]

- n.** something given to a charity or cause 施舍物  
=charity, contribution

**harmony**

['hɑ:məni]

- n.** the act or state of agreeing or conforming 和谐  
=agreement, conformance

**heartfelt**

['hɑ:rtfelt]

- adj.** very strongly felt and sincere 真心实意的 =genuine,  
hearty

**heritage**

['heritɪdʒ]

- n.** the traditional beliefs, values, customs etc. of a  
family, country, or society 遗产

**household**

['haʊshəʊld]

- n.** all the people living together in a house or flat 一家人  
=family, folks

## hypothesis

[haɪ'pɑ:θəʊsɪs]

- n.** something taken to be true for the purpose of argument 假设 =conjecture, guess

## identify

[aɪ'dentɪfaɪ]

- v.** to recognize somebody/something and say or prove who or what they are 辨认 =recognize

## immune

[ɪ'mju:n]

- adj.** that cannot catch or be affected by a particular disease or illness 不被传染的 =uninfected; not affected by something 不受影响的 =unaffected; protected from something and therefore able to avoid it 免除的, 豁免的 =exempt

## impose

[ɪm'pəʊz]

- v.** to force somebody/something to have to deal with something that is difficult or unpleasant 强加 =force

## impulsive

[ɪm'pʌlsɪv]

- adj.** acting suddenly without thinking carefully about what might happen because of what you are doing 冲动的 =impetuous, rash

## inappropriate

[,ɪnə'prɒprɪət]

- adj.** not suited to circumstances 不合适的 =improper, unsuitable

## inclination

[ˌɪnklɪˈneɪʃn]

- n.** a preference or tendency, or a feeling that makes a person want to do something 倾向; 趋势 =tendency

## independent

[ˌɪndɪˈpendənt]

- adj.** not connected with or influenced by something 相互独立的, 彼此不关联的 =unconnected; confident and free to do things without needing help from other people 独立自主的 =self-reliant

## indicate

[ˈɪndɪkeɪt]

- v.** to make known or identify, as by signs 象征; 显示 =denote, designate

## indulge

[ɪnˈdʌldʒ]

- v.** to let yourself do or have something that you enjoy, especially something that is considered bad for you 纵容, 放纵 =spoil

## industrious

[ɪnˈdʌstriəs]

- adj.** characterized by steady attention and effort 勤奋的 =hard-working, diligent

## inefficient

[ˌɪnɪˈfɪʃnt]

- adj.** not doing a job well and not making the best use of time, money, energy, etc. 无效率的; 无能的 =incapable, incompetent

**inescapably**

[ˌɪnɪˈskeɪpəbli]

**adv.** incapable of being avoided, ignored, or denied  
不可避免地 =surely, unavoidably

**inevitably**

[ɪnˈevɪtəbli]

**adv.** as is to be expected 不可避免地, 必然地 =ineluctably

**inferior**

[ɪnˈfɪəriər]

**adj.** not good, or not as good as somebody/something else 劣等的, 次的 =secondary, worse

**influential**

[ˌɪnfluˈenʃl]

**adj.** having a lot of influence and therefore changing the way people think and behave 有影响的 =weighty

**inform**

[ɪnˈfɔːrm]

**v.** to tell someone about particular facts 通知 =apprise

**inhabitant**

[ɪnˈhæbɪtənt]

**n.** a person or animal that lives in a particular place  
居民; ( 栖息在某地区的 ) 动物

**inherent**

[ɪnˈhɪrənt]

**adj.** existing as a natural or basic part of something  
内在的, 固有的 =indigenous



**inheritance**

[ɪn'hɛrɪtəns]

- n.** money, property etc. that you receive from someone who has died 遗产 =heritage

**initiate**

[ɪ'nɪʃɪeɪt]

- v.** to cause something to begin 发起, 开始 =begin, set in motion

**initiative**

[ɪ'nɪʃɪətɪv]

- n.** the ability to decide and act on your own without waiting for somebody to tell you what to do 主动性; 积极性

**innocence**

[ɪ'nɒsəns]

- n.** lack of experience of life or knowledge of the evil or unpleasant things in the world 天真, 纯洁 =artlessness

**innovation**

[ɪnə'veɪʃn]

- n.** a new idea or method, or the act of introducing something new 新方法, 革新, 创新 =novelty

**inspirational**

[ɪnspə'reɪʃənl]

- adj.** providing encouragement or new ideas for what you should do 有鼓舞力的 =encouraging

**intention**

[ɪn'tenʃn]

- n.** something that you want and plan to do 意图, 意向; 目的 =purpose

## intentional

[ɪn'tenʃənl]

**adj.** done deliberately 故意的 =intended, deliberate

## interchangeable

[,ɪntər'tʃeɪndʒəbl]

**adj.** capable of being interchanged 可互换的 =exchangeable

## interpersonal

[,ɪntər'pɜ:rsən]

**adj.** being, relating to, or involving relations between persons 人际交往的

## interpret

[ɪn'tɜ:rpɪt]

**v.** to explain the meaning of, or to translate one language into another 解释, 翻译 =explain, translate

## interrupt

[,ɪntə'rʌpt]

**v.** to stop something suddenly for a short time 打断  
=cease, discontinue

## interval

['ɪntərvl]

**n.** a period between two events or times, or the space between two points 间隔 =interim, lapse, meantime

## intricate

['ɪntrɪkət]

**adj.** having a lot of different parts and small details that fit together, and therefore difficult to follow or understand 错综复杂的 =complicated

**intriguing**

[ɪn'tri:ɡɪŋ]

**adj.** very interesting because of being unusual or not having an obvious answer 有趣的 =interesting

**intrinsic**

[ɪn'trɪnsɪk]

**adj.** belonging to or part of the real nature of somebody/something 本身的, 固有的 =original

**introverted**

[ɪn'trɒvɜ:rtɪd]

**adj.** more interested in your own thoughts and feelings than in spending time with other people 内向的 =shy, quiet

**intruder**

[ɪn'tru:də]

**n.** someone who is in a place or situation where they are not wanted 入侵者

**invalidate**

[ɪn'vælɪdeɪt]

**v.** to officially stop a document, ticket, law, etc. 使无效 =cancel, annul

**invasion**

[ɪn'veɪʒn]

**n.** an act of invading, especially by military forces 侵略

**inverse**

[ɪn'vɜ:rs]

**adj.** opposite in order, nature or effect 相反的 =reverse

**involve**

[In'vɑ:lɪv]

- v.** to include somebody/something in something, or to make them take part in or feel part of it 涉及 =entail

电子工业出版社版权所有  
盗版必究

---

**名言佳句**

*In order to succeed, your desire for success should be greater than your fear of failure!*

为了赢得成功,你对成功的渴望必须超过你对失败的恐惧。

---

## List 7

### ironical

[aɪ'ra:nɪkl]

**adj.** showing that you really mean the opposite of what you are saying 讽刺的 =sarcastic, sardonic, satirical

### irrational

['ɪræʃənl]

**adj.** not using reason or clear thinking 不合理的 =illogical, unreasonable

### isolate

['aɪsələt]

**v.** to separate somebody/something from other things or people with which they are joined 使隔离, 使孤立 =seclude

### issue

['ɪʃu:]

**n.** something brought about by a cause 问题, 后果 =consequence, effect

### jet

[dʒet]

**n.** a sudden swift stream of ejected liquid 喷射 =spurt

### judicial

[dʒu'dɪʃl]

**adj.** relating to the legal system and to judgments made in a court of law 司法的, 法庭的 =juridical

## junior

['dʒuːniər]

- adj.** having a low rank in an organization or profession  
资历较浅的 =secondary

## junk

[dʒʌŋk]

- v.** to let go or get rid of as being useless or defective  
丢弃 =discard
- n.** things that are considered useless or of little value  
垃圾, 废物 =waste, garbage

## justice

['dʒʌstɪs]

- n.** fairness in the way people are dealt with 正义, 公正  
=equity

## justify

['dʒʌstɪfaɪ]

- v.** to offer reasons for or a cause of 证明 =prove

## lack

[læk]

- v.** to have none or not enough of something 缺乏 =be short of
- n.** the condition of lacking a needed or usual amount  
缺乏; 不足 =absence

## landlord

['lændlɔːrd]

- n.** a person or organization that owns a building or an area of land 地主, 房东, (旅店)店主 =landholder

**landmark**

['lændmɑ:k]

**n.** a building or place that is easily recognized 地标

**laptop**

['læptɑ:p]

**n.** a portable microcomputer 手提电脑

**lavish**

['lævɪʃ]

**adj.** more than enough, especially if expensive 无节制的  
=extravagant; very generous 慷慨的

**legitimate**

[lɪ'dʒɪtɪmət]

**adj.** allowed by law or reasonable and acceptable 合法的，正当的

**license**

['laɪsəns]

**n.** an official document which gives you permission to own, do or use something 许可(证); 执照  
=permission

**load**

[ləʊd]

**n.** the amount of weight carried, especially by a vehicle, a structure 负荷, 装载量

**locus**

['ləʊkəs]

**n.** the place where a person or thing is located 场所  
=location, placement

**lousy**

[ˈlaʊzi]

**adj.** very bad 糟糕的, 恶劣的 =bad

**magnetic**

[mæɡˈnetɪk]

**adj.** with the power of a magnet 磁的, 有磁性的; very powerful and attractive 有吸引力的 =fascinating

**mainly**

[ˈmeɪnli]

**adv.** for the most part 主要地 =primarily

**maintain**

[meɪnˈteɪn]

**v.** to keep in existence, or do not allow to become less 维修, 保养 =sustain

**mandatory**

[ˈmændətɔːri]

**adj.** imposed on one by authority, command 强制的 =imperative

**manifest**

[ˈmænɪfest]

**v.** to show something clearly, through signs or actions 表明 =display

**adj.** easy to see or understand 明白的, 明显的 =clear

**maximal**

[ˈmæksɪml]

**adj.** being the largest amount or number allowed or possible 最大的, 最高的 =topmost



**maximum**

['mæksɪməm]

**n.** the largest amount allowed or possible 最大 (限度)

**mediate**

['mi:diət]

**v.** to talk to two separate people or groups involved in a disagreement to try to help them find things that everyone can agree on 调解, 斡旋 =intercede

**medium**

['mi:diəm]

**adj.** being in the middle between an upper and lower amount, size, degree or value 中等的 =mediocre

**melt**

[melt]

**v.** to turn from something solid into something soft or liquid, or to cause something to do this (使冰) 融化 =liquefy; to become or make a feeling, an emotion, etc. become gentler and less strong (情绪等) 平息 =soften

**mental**

['mentl]

**adj.** relating to or performed by the mind 精神的, 心理的 =psychical

**merely**

['mɪrli]

**adv.** nothing more than 仅仅, 不过 =just, only

## mighty

[ˈmaɪti]

**adj.** of extraordinary size and power 强大的 =potent, powerful

## migratory

[ˈmaɪgrətɔːri]

**adj.** moving from one area to another in search of work 迁移的 =floating, transient

## mimic

[ˈmɪmɪk]

**v.** to copy the way in which a particular person usually speaks and moves 模仿, 模拟 =imitate

**n.** a person who is able to copy the voice, movements, etc. of other people or animals 善于模仿他人(或动物)的人

## miniature

[ˈmɪnətʃər]

**adj.** describing something which is a very small copy of an object 小型的, 微小的 =small, tiny

## minimal

[ˈmɪnɪməl]

**adj.** very small in degree or amount, especially the smallest degree or amount possible 最小的, 最低限度的 =smallest

## minimize

[ˈmɪnɪmaɪz]

**v.** to reduce something to the least possible level or amount 使减小到最低 =downgrade

**minor**

['maɪnər]

**adj.** lesser or smaller in amount, extent, or size 较小的, 次要的 =smaller, lesser, secondary

**misconception**

[,mɪskən'sepʃn]

**n.** mistaken thought, idea, or notion 误解 =misunderstanding, misinterpretation

**mislead**

[,mɪs'li:d]

**v.** to cause someone to believe something that is not true 误导 =deceive, misinform

电子工业出版社版权所有  
盗版必究

---

**名言佳句**

*Everything will be okay in the end. If it's not okay, it's not the end.*

每件事最后都会是好事。如果不是好事，说明还没到最后。

---

## List 8

### mobile

['məʊbl]

**adj.** able to move freely or be easily moved 移动的，机动的 =moving

### moderate

['mɔ:dərət]

**adj.** neither small nor large but between the two 中等的，适度的 =gentle

### modify

['mɔ:dɪfaɪ]

**v.** to change something slightly, or to make something less extreme 矫正，修改 =alter, change, adjust

### mood

[mu:d]

**n.** a temporary state of mind or feeling 情绪 =temper

### motive

['məʊtɪv]

**n.** a reason for doing something 动机，目的 =purpose

### mutual

['mju:tʃuəl]

**adj.** used to describe feelings that two or more people have for each other equally, or actions that affect two or more people equally 相互的，彼此的 =joint; shared by two or more people 共同的，共有的 =common

**mystery**

['mɪstri]

- n.** anything that arouses curiosity or perplexes because it is secret 谜, 神秘 =secret

**negative**

['negətɪv]

- adj.** bad or harmful 负面的, 消极的 =unhelpful, unfavorable

- n.** considering only the bad side of something 负面, 消极

**nonverbal**

['nɑ:n'vɜ:bl]

- adj.** being other than verbal communication 非语言的

**notorious**

[nəʊ'tɔ:riəs]

- adj.** known widely and usually unfavorably 声名狼藉的 =infamous

**nurture**

['nɜ:rtʃər]

- n.** care, encouragement and support given to somebody/something while they are growing 教养, 培育 =aliment

- v.** to care for and protect somebody/something while they are growing and developing 养育, 培养 =raise; to help somebody/something develop and be successful 发展, 培养 =foster

**nutrition**

[nu'triʃn]

- n.** the process by which living things receive the food necessary for them to grow and be healthy 营养 (作用), 滋养 (过程) =nourishment

**obese**

[ou'bi:s]

- adj.** extremely fat, in a way that is not healthy 肥胖的 =fat, fleshy

**obligation**

[,a:blɪ'geɪʃn]

- n.** an act or course of action that is demanded of one, as by law, or religion 义务 =duty

**obscure**

[əb'skjʊr]

- adj.** difficult to understand 费解的, 难懂的 =incomprehensible; not known to many people 不出名的 =unknown
- v.** to make it difficult to see, hear or understand something 使模糊不清, 使费解, 使难懂 =blur

**odd**

[a:d]

- adj.** strange or unexpected 古怪的 =weird

**oily**

['ɔɪli]

- adj.** having the qualities of fat 油腻的 =fat, fatty, greasy

## optimistic

[,ɑ:ptɪ'mɪstɪk]

**adj.** expecting a favorable outcome on hopeful aspects  
乐观的 =positive

## orientation

[,ɔ:riən'teɪʃn]

**n.** the type of aims or interests that a person or an organization has 方向, 目标 =direction; a person's basic beliefs or feelings about a particular subject (人的) 态度, 取向 =attitude; the direction in which an object faces (建筑物等的) 朝向 =direction

## ornament

**n.** ['ɔ:rnəmənt] the use of objects, designs, etc. as decoration 装饰 =adornment, decoration

**v.** ['ɔ:rnəmənt] to add decoration to something 装饰 =decorate

## outfit

['aʊtfɪt]

**n.** a set of tools or equipment 用具, 装备

## outlet

['aʊtlet]

**n.** a pipe or hole through which liquid or gas can flow out 出口

## outrageous

[aʊ'treɪdʒəs]

**adj.** very shocking and unacceptable 骇人的, 无法容忍的  
=scandalous, shocking, unforgivable

## outstanding

[aʊt'stændɪŋ]

**adj.** extremely good 杰出的, 优秀的 = excellent, distinguished; very obvious or important 突出的, 显著的 = prominent

## overcome

[,oʊvər'kʌm]

**v.** to win a victory over, as in battle or a competition 克服, 战胜 = beat, conquer

## overdue

[,oʊvər'du:]

**adj.** that should have happened or been done before now 早应完成的; not paid, done, returned, etc. by the required or expected time 逾期的, 延误的

## overt

[oʊ'vɜ:rt]

**adj.** open and observable, not secret or hidden 公开的, 明显的 = open

## participant

[pɑ:r'tɪsɪpənt]

**n.** a person that takes part in an activity or event 参与者 = player

## passionate

['pæʃənət]

**adj.** capable of, having, or dominated by powerful emotions 热情的, 激情的 = impassioned, affectionate, zealous



**pathetic**

[pə'tetɪk]

**adj.** arousing or deserving pity 悲怜的 =pitiful

**perception**

[pə'sepʃn]

**n.** the condition of being aware 感知 =consciousness, sense

**perspective**

[pə'spektɪv]

**n.** a particular attitude toward something 看法 =view, viewpoint

**physical**

['fɪzɪkl]

**adj.** of or relating to a person's body 身体的 =somatic; connected with things that actually exist or are present and can be seen, felt, etc. 物质的, 有形的 =concrete, tangible

**positive**

['pɑːzətɪv]

**adj.** showing confidence and optimism 自信的, 乐观的 =confident

**postpone**

[pou'stpəʊn]

**v.** to put off until a later time 推迟 =delay, procrastinate

**practically**

['præktɪkli]

**adv.** for all practical purposes 实际地 =realistically

## precious

[ˈpreʃəs]

- adj.** of great value 珍贵的 =valuable, worthy; loved  
or valued very much 值得珍视的, 可贵的  
=treasured

## predict

[prɪˈdɪkt]

- v.** to say that an event or action will happen in the  
future 预言, 预测 =foresee

## predominate

[prɪˈdɑːmɪnət]

- v.** to be greater in amount or number than somebody/  
something else in a place, group, etc. 支配, 统治  
=overrule

## premier

[prɪˈmɪr]

- n.** the leader of the government of a country, or of a  
large part of a country 总理, 首相

- adj.** most important, famous or successful 首位的, 最  
好的 =prime, foremost

## presentation

[ˌprɪːzenˈteɪʃn]

- n.** a talk giving information about something 陈 述  
=statement

## preserve

[prɪˈzɜːrv]

- v.** to keep something as it is, especially in order to  
prevent it from decaying 保护, 维持 =conserve

**presume**

[prɪ'zu:m]

- v.** to suppose that something is true, although you do not have actual proof 假定 =assume

**prevail**

[prɪ'veɪl]

- v.** to exist or be common among a group of people or area at a particular time 盛行, 流行; to be accepted, especially after a struggle or an argument 战胜 =predominate

**prevalent**

['prevələnt]

- adj.** existing very commonly or happening frequently 流行的; 普遍的 =regnant

**primary**

['praɪmerɪ]

- adj.** more important than anything else 首要的, 主要的 =paramount

**primitive**

['prɪmətɪv]

- adj.** relating to human society at a very early stage of development 原始的, 远古的 =ancient, original; very simple and old-fashioned, especially when something is also not convenient and comfortable 古老的, 简陋的 =simple

**principal**

['prɪnsəpl]

- adj.** first in order of importance 主要的 =essential, primary

## principle

['prɪnsəpl]

- n.** a moral rule or a strong belief that influences your actions 道德原则；行为准则；规范；a law, a rule or a theory that something is based on 法则；原则；原理

## priority

[praɪ'ɔ:rəti]

- n.** something that is very important and must be dealt with before other things 优先(权)，优先考虑的事 =precedence

## privilege

['prɪvələdʒ]

- n.** a special advantage that only one person or group has 特权 =advantage

## profession

[prə'feʃn]

- n.** a type of job that needs special training or skill 职业 =career, work, vocation

## profound

[prə'faʊnd]

- adj.** felt or experienced very strongly or in an extreme way 深刻的，深远的 =deep

## prohibit

[prə'hɪbɪt]

- v.** to refuse to allow 禁止 =forbid, inhibit

## prolong

[prə'lɔ:ŋ]

- v.** to make or become longer 延长 =extend

## promising

[ˈprɑːmɪsɪŋ]

**adj.** showing signs of being good or successful 有希望的，有前途的 =bright, hopeful

## promote

[prəˈmou̯t]

**v.** to cause to move forward or upward, as toward a goal 促进 =forward, encourage

## property

[ˈprɑːpərti]

**n.** objects that belong to someone or a building or area of land, or both together 财产 =belongings

## prophecy

[ˈprɑːfəsi]

**n.** a statement that says what is going to happen in the future 预言 =prediction

---

### 名言佳句

Sometimes things have to fall apart to make way for better things.  
有时候要到达谷底，才会慢慢变好。

---

## List 9

### proposal

[prə'pouzl]

**n.** a formal suggestion or plan 提案, 建议 =proposition

### prospective

[prə'spektɪv]

**adj.** expected and anticipated 预期的, 未来的  
=possible, potential

### protect

[prə'tekt]

**v.** to keep safe from danger, attack or harm 保护  
=safeguard, secure

### purify

['pjʊrɪfaɪ]

**v.** to make something pure by removing things that are dirty and harmful 净化, 使纯净 =clarify, refine

### pursue

[pə'su:]

**v.** to do something or try to achieve something over a period of time 追求, 寻求 =seek, chase; to try to discuss or find out about something 追问, 追查

### quotation

[kwou'teɪʃn]

**n.** a group of words or a short piece of writing taken from a book, play, speech, etc. and repeated because it is interesting or useful 引文, 引语 =citation

**random**

['rændəm]

**adj.** done, chosen, etc. without somebody deciding in advance what is going to happen, or without any regular pattern 任意的, 随意的 =irregular, unorganized

**recover**

[rɪ'kʌvər]

**v.** to regain one's health 康复 =recuperate, restore

**recruit**

[rɪ'kru:t]

**v.** to find new people to work in a company, join an organization, do a job, etc. 吸收为新成员, 征募 =enroll, enlist

**reformation**

[,refər'meɪʃn]

**n.** the act of improving or changing somebody/something 改善, 改革 =recovery, reclamation

**regularly**

['regjələrli]

**adv.** in an expected or customary manner 有规律地

**release**

[rɪ'li:z]

**v.** to let someone go free, after having kept them somewhere 释放 =discharge, free; to make something available to the public 发表, 公布 =publish

**reluctant**

[rɪ'lʌktənt]

**adj.** not inclined or willing to do or undertake 不情愿的 =unwilling

**remorse**

[rɪ'mɔ:rs]

- n.** a feeling of regret for one's sins 懊悔, 自责, 良心不安 =compunction, repentance

**render**

['rendər]

- v.** to cause somebody/something to be in a particular state or condition 使(某人或某事物)处于某种状况 =make; to give somebody something, especially in return for something or because it is expected 给予, 提供 =give, grant; to express something in a different language 翻译 =translate

**renew**

[rɪ'nu:]

- v.** to take up or begin something again, after a break or pause 重新做或开始(某事物)(如中断或休止之后) =resume, restore, restart

**representative**

[,reprɪ'zentətɪv]

- n.** one who stands for somebody else or on behalf a group 代表 =delegate, deputy
- adj.** typical of a particular group of people, or able to be used as a typical example of something 典型的, 有代表性的 =typical, symbolic

**repulse**

[rɪ'pʌls]

- v.** to push away or refuse somebody/something unwanted, especially to successfully stop a physical attack against you 拒绝, 击退 =parry, repel



**reputation**

[,repju'teɪʃn]

- n.** the opinion that people have about what somebody/something is like, based on what has happened in the past 名誉, 声望 =repute, fame

**requirement**

[rɪ'kwaɪəmənt]

- n.** something that you must have in order to do something else 要求, 需求 = requisition

**resemble**

[rɪ'zembəl]

- v.** to be similar to another person or thing 与……相像, 类似

**resign**

[rɪ'zaɪn]

- v.** to give up a possession, claim or right 放弃, 辞职 =abandon, abdicate

**resilience**

[rɪ'zɪliəns]

- n.** the ability of a substance to return to its original shape after it has been bent, stretched or pressed 弹性, 弹力 =elasticity, bounce

**respect**

[rɪ'spekt]

- v.** to have a high opinion of 尊敬 =admire, esteem, honor

**restrict**

[rɪ'strɪkt]

- v.** to place a limit on the size or amount of thing 限制 =circumscribe, confine, limit

## resume

- n.** ['rezəmeɪ] a short summary or account of something  
摘要, 概述
- v.** [rɪ'zju:m] to begin again 重新开始

## reward

[rɪ'wɔ:rd]

- n.** something given in return for a service or accomplishment 奖品 =accolade, award

## ridiculous

[rɪ'dɪkjələs]

- adj.** very silly or unreasonable 荒谬的 =absurd, ludicrous

## ruin

['ru:ɪn]

- v.** to damage something so badly that it loses all its value, pleasure, etc. 破坏 =destroy, spoil

## rundown

['rʌndaʊn]

- n.** a reduction in the amount, size or activity of something, especially a business 削减, 裁员 =breakdown

## rustic

['rʌstɪk]

- adj.** of or relating to the countryside 乡村风味的 =rural

## savor

['seɪvər]

- n.** a taste or smell, especially a pleasant one 滋味; 风味 =flavor
- v.** to enjoy the full taste or flavor of something, especially

by eating or drinking it slowly 品尝 =taste; to enjoy a feeling or an experience thoroughly 欣赏 =relish

## scan

[skæn]

- v.** to look through written material quickly in order to find important or interesting information 浏览, 快读 =browse

## sediment

['sedɪmənt]

- n.** matter that settles on a bottom 沉淀物 =deposit

## seminar

['seminɑ:r]

- n.** a meeting for the exchange of views 学术讨论会 =workshop

## senior

['si:niər]

- n.** a person who is older than you are 较年长者 =elder  
**adj.** high in rank or status (级别等) 高的; older 年长的 =elderly

## sentiment

['sentɪmənt]

- n.** a thought, opinion or idea based on a feeling about a situation, or a way of thinking about something 态度, 意见 =attitude

## shift

[ʃɪft]

- v.** to move slightly 移动, 挪动 = move; to change somebody's opinion, a situation, etc. 变化, 转变 =change, alter, vary

## simplify

['sɪmplɪfaɪ]

**v.** to make simpler or easier 简化 =clarify

## skeleton

['skelɪtn]

**n.** the most basic form or structure of something 框架, 轮廓 =framework, structure

## soar

[sɔːr]

**v.** to rise very quickly 猛涨, 急升 =rocket; to fly very high in the air or remain high in the air 翱翔 =hover

## socialize

['səʊʃəlaɪz]

**v.** to meet and spend time with people in a friendly way, in order to enjoy yourself 来往, 交往 =mix

## sorrowful

['sɑːrəʊfl]

**adj.** very sad 悲伤的, 伤心的 =heartbroken

## spectator

['spekteɪtər]

**n.** a person who is watching an event, especially a sports event 旁观者, 观众 =watcher, beholder, bystander, looker-on

## spiritual

['spɪrɪtʃuəl]

**adj.** of, relating to, consisting of, or having the nature of spirit 精神的, 心灵的; not tangible or material 非物质的 =immaterial

**spoil**

[spɔɪl]

- v.** to change something good into something bad, unpleasant, useless, etc. 破坏, 损坏 =ruin; to give children everything that they ask for and not enough discipline in a way that has a bad effect on their character and behavior 溺爱, 宠坏 =overindulge

**stabilize**

['steɪbəlaɪz]

- v.** to become firm, or to make something become firm, steady and unlikely to change (使) 稳定, (使) 安定 =calm, steady

**stadium**

['steɪdɪəm]

- n.** a large structure for open-air sports or entertainments 体育场, 露天大型运动场 =arena

**stimulus**

['stɪmjələs]

- n.** something that helps somebody/something to develop better or more quickly 促进因素 =incentive; something that produces a reaction in a human, an animal or a plant 刺激物

**strategy**

['strætədʒi]

- n.** a method for making, doing or accomplishing something 策略 =scheme

**stress**

[stres]

- n.** the act, condition or effect of exerting force on somebody/something 压力 =pressure

**subject**

['sʌbdʒɪkt]

- n.** the thing which is being discussed, considered or studied 主题 =issue, theme; an area of knowledge studied in a school, college, etc. 科目

**subliminal**

[ˌsʌb'liːmɪnəl]

- adj.** not recognized or understood by the conscious mind 下意识的, 潜意识的 =subconscious

**substitute**

['sʌbstɪtu:t]

- v.** to take the place of somebody/something else 取代, 替代 =replace

**sufficient**

[sə'fɪʃnt]

- adj.** enough for a particular purpose 充分的, 充足的 =adequate

**suit**

[su:t]

- v.** to make or become suitable to a particular situation or use 合适 =adapt, adjust, accommodate

**supervise**

['su:pəvaɪz]

- v.** to watch a person or activity to make certain that everything is done correctly 监督 =direct, command

## survive

[sə'vaɪv]

- ✓ to continue to live or exist 生存, 存活, 继续存在  
=remain; to live, exist or remain longer than 比……  
活(或存在)的时间长 =outlast, outlive

## symbolize

['sɪmbəlaɪz]

- ✓ to serve as an example, image, or symbol of 象征  
=represent, embody

电子工业出版社版权所有  
盗版必究

---

### 名言佳句

*Be honest rather than clever.*

聪明不如诚实。

---

## List 10

### sympathetic

[ˌsɪmpəˈθetɪk]

**adj.** kind to somebody who is hurt or sad, and showing that you understand and care about their problems  
同情的 =compassionate; showing that you approve of somebody/something or that you share their views and are willing to support them 赞同的，支持的 =favorable

### tactic

['tæktɪk]

**n.** the particular method you use to achieve something  
战术，策略 =strategy

### talkative

['tɔ:kətɪv]

**adj.** liking to talk a lot 喜欢说话的，健谈的 =chatty, voluble

### tension

['tenʃn]

**n.** a feeling of anxiety and stress that makes it impossible to relax 紧张，不安 =nervousness, pressure; a situation in which people do not trust each other, or feel unfriendly toward each other, and which may cause them to attack each other  
紧张关系，紧张局势



**terrible**

[ˈterəbl]

**adj.** very bad 糟糕的 =appalling, awful

**territory**

[ˈterətɔ:ri]

**n.** land that is under the control of a particular country or ruler 领地, 领土 =district, domain; an area of knowledge or experience (知识)领域, (经验)范围

**thoroughly**

[ˈθɜ:rəli]

**adv.** in a complete manner 彻底地 =completely, totally, utterly

**tolerate**

[tə:ləreɪt]

**v.** to allow somebody to do something that you do not agree with or like 容忍, 宽容 =allow, bear; to accept somebody/something that is annoying, unpleasant, etc. without complaining 忍受, 忍耐 =put up with

**traditional**

[trəˈdɪʃənl]

**adj.** following older methods and ideas rather than modern or different ones 传统的 =conventional

**transfer**

[trænsˈfɜ:r]

**v.** to move someone or something from one place, vehicle, person or group to another 转移 =relocate, remove

## transform

[træns'fɔ:rm]

- v.** to change the form of something 改造, 转换 =convert; to completely change the appearance or character of something, especially so that it is better 改善, 使改观 =improve, better

## tricky

['trɪki]

- adj.** difficult to deal with 难办的, 棘手的 =troublesome, subtle; clever but likely to cheat you 阴谋的, 狡猾的 =crafty

## troublesome

['trʌblsəm]

- adj.** causing trouble, pain, etc. over a long period of time 引起麻烦的 =annoying, irritating

## tuition

[tu'ɪʃn]

- n.** the act of teaching something, especially to one person or people in small groups 讲授, 教学 =instruction, teaching; the money that you pay to be taught, especially in a college or university 学费 =fee

## tutor

['tu:tə]

- v.** to teach somebody, especially privately 辅导 =train, instruct, teach
- n.** a private teacher, especially one who teaches an individual student or a very small group 私人教师 =teacher; assistant lecturer in a college 助教 =adviser

**ultimate**

[ˈʌltɪmət]

**adj.** happening at the end of a long process 最后的, 最终的 =final; most extreme, best, worst, greatest, most important, etc. 极端的, 最(好、差、伟大)的 =utmost

**uniformly**

[ˈjuːnɪfɔːrmlɪ]

**adv.** in a same manner 均匀地; 一律地 =conformably, consistently

**unwell**

[ʌnˈwel]

**adj.** suffering from or affected with an illness 不舒服的, 有病的 =ill, sick

**urban**

[ˈɜːrbən]

**adj.** connected with a city 都市的 =metropolitan

**vaporize**

[ˈveɪpəraɪz]

**v.** to turn into gas, or to make something turn into gas, especially when heated (使)蒸发 =evaporate

**various**

[ˈveəriəs]

**adj.** having many different features 不同种类的, 迥异的, 千差万别的 =diverse, different

**vehicle**

[ˈviːəkl]

**n.** a machine such as a car, bus to carry people from place to place 交通工具 =carriage, conveyance;

something that can be used to express your ideas or feelings or as a way of achieving something ( 实现目的的 ) 工具, 手段 =means

## verdant

[ˈvɜːrdnt]

**adj.** green with growing plants 郁郁葱葱的 =green

## virtually

[ˈvɜːrtʃuəli]

**adv.** almost or very nearly, so that any slight difference is not important 实际上, 事实上 =nearly, almost

## vitality

[vɑɪˈtæləti]

**n.** energy and strength 活力 =vigor

## vivid

[ˈvɪvɪd]

**adj.** very clear and detailed 生动的, 逼真的 =lifelike, clear; very bright 鲜艳的, 耀眼的 =dazzling

## weird

[wɪrd]

**adj.** very strange or unusual 奇怪的, 不可思议的 =queer, strange

## witness

[ˈwɪtnəs]

**v.** to see something happen (typically a crime or an accident) 目击, 目睹 =perceive

**n.** a person who sees something happen and is able to describe it to other people 目击者, 见证人 =observer

**woeful**

[ˈwʊfl]

**adj.** very bad or serious 恶劣的, 糟糕的 =undesirable;  
very sad 悲伤的 =miserable

电子工业出版社版权所有  
盗版必究

---

**名言佳句**

*A great talker is a great liar.*

说大话者多谎言。

---