第一章 听力理解

一、题型介绍

听力理解部分得分占总分的 24%, 测试时间为 25 分钟。分为以下四个部分。

Section A

Section A 共有 7 道题,每道题读两遍。这部分主要考查考生为每个问题选择合适的回答的能力。内容主要包括日常生活的问候、询问、请求及提建议等。句子结构通常比较简单,主要以疑问句形式出现,也有陈述句形式的日常交际语。

Section B

Section B 共有 7 组短对话,每组对话包含两句话及一个问题,每组对话读两遍。这部分主要考查考生对短对话理解的能力。对话通常由一男一女进行,再由第三人根据对话提出一个问题。话题通常为日常交际,如天气、学习、感谢、道歉、问路等。

Section C

Section C 共有 2 组长对话,每组对话 8~10 句,然后就对话内容提出 2~3 个问题,每组对话读两遍。这部分主要考查考生理解细节信息的能力。会话仍以日常生活和实用交际内容为主,涉及邀请、旅游、购物、工作等。问题以特殊疑问句形式居多,细节判断题出现的频率较高,要求考生判断会话的细节信息,主要涉及时间、地点、数量、人物及人物关系、身份等。

Section D

Section D 是一篇 100 字左右的短文,有 5 个空格,需要填写所缺单词或短语,短文一共读三遍。这部分考查考生多方面的能力,如单词拼写、语法能力等。每个空格所缺单词数为 1~3 个。这部分话题比较广泛,如公司介绍、招聘广告、产品介绍等。

二、重点归纳

(→) Section A

Section A 主要以疑问句形式出现,也有陈述句形式的日常交际语。

1. 一般疑问句

(1)打电话日常用语。

Can / May I speak to ...?

常选的答案有: Yes, speaking. / Sorry, he(she) is not in(here). / Hold on, please. / One moment, please.

e.g. 音频 1 (2007.12)

A) Thank you.

B) Sorry, he's not here.

C) I'm sorry.

D) My name is Jack.

真题解析: Hello! May I speak to Bill please? 本题考查的是电话用语。题目问"我可以 找比尔接电话吗?"接电话的人可以有 3 种回答: Yes, speaking. (我就是。)/Hold on, please. (请稍候。)/Sorry, he is not here. (他不在。)故 B 选项为正确答案。

e.g. 音频 2 (2009.6)

A) Hold on, please.

B) It's interesting.

C) That's nothing.

D) He's all right.

真题解析: Hello! May I speak to Mr. Thomas?本题考查的是电话用语。题目问"我可以 找托马斯先生接电话吗。"接电话的人可以有 3 种回答: Yes, speaking. (我就是。)/Hold on, please. (请稍候。)/Sorry, he is not here. (他不在。),故 A 选项为正确答案。

(2) 询问意见。

Can / Shall / May I / we...?

Would / Will / Can / Could you please...?

Would you like to...?

How / What about doing...?

Why not / Why don't you do...?

常选的答案有: Sure. / Good idea. / Why not? / Certainly.

e.g. 音频 3 (2008.6)

A) You are welcome.

B) Sure. Where? C) So do I.

D) I see.

真题解析: Can we have dinner together this weekend? 本题考查的是回答他人提出的邀 请。题目意思是"这个周末我们可以一起吃饭吗?"对这种表示请求的句子,肯定回答通 常都是 Sure. / Good idea. / Why not? / Certainly. 等, 否定回答一般用 I'm sorry, but ...来委婉 拒绝, 故答案为 B 选项。

e.g. 音频 4 (2007.12)

A) Yes, it is.

B) No, thanks.

C) Never mind. D) Certainly.

真题解析: It's getting dark. Would you please turn on the light? 本题考查对他人请求的 回答。题目意思是"天逐渐暗了,你可以开灯吗?"对这种请求的句子,肯定回答通常都 是 Yes./OK./Certainly., 否定回答一般用 Sorry, I am afraid not. 之类的委婉拒绝用语。只有 D 选项符合题意, 故为正确答案。

(3) 询问信息。

Excuse me, are you ...?

Excuse me, do I have to ...?

Excuse me, is this train for ...?

常选的答案有: Yes, I am. / Of course.

e.g. 音频 5 (2008.12)

- A) Thank you. B) With pleasure. C) Oh, yes. D) Here you are.

真题解析: Excuse me, are you Mr. Smith from America?本题考查对是非疑问句的回答。 问题为"请问, 你是美国来的史密斯先生吗?", 肯定回答为 Yes., 故答案为 C 选项。

e.g. 音频 6 (2011.12)

A) Sorry to hear that. B) Yes, of course. C) See you later. D) Nice to meet you.

真题解析: Excuse me, do I have to pay in cash?本题考查对是非疑问句的回答。问题为 "请问,我要付现金吗?"对于这类问题,肯定时常用Yes,故B选项是正确答案。

2. 特殊疑问句

(1) 询问对事物、事件的观点看法: What do you think of...? / How do you like...? (你觉 得……怎么样?)

e.g. 音频 7 (2009.6)

- A) Of course. B) You are welcome. C) It was excellent. D) Yes, 1 do.

真题解析: What do you think of the film we saw yesterday? 本题询问对事物的观点。题 目意思为"你觉得我们昨晚看的电影怎么样?"对于事件、事物的看法通常需要表明态度, 因此常出现相关形容词,如 excellent等,因此 C 选项(非常好。)是最佳答案。

e.g. 音频 8(2009.12)

- A) I like it very much.
- B) That's a good idea.

C) Thank you.

D) You're welcome.

真题解析: How do you like your work? 本题询问对事物的观点。题目意思为"你觉得你的工 作怎么样?"对于事件、事物的看法通常需要表明态度,因此 A 选项(我很喜欢。)是最佳答案。

- (2) 询问频率、价格、距离、长短等: How often/ much/ far/ long ...? (多长时间一次? / 多少钱? /多远? /多久? ……)
 - e.g. 音频 9 (2007.12)

 - A) Yes, please. B) For two months. C) Every day. D) Yes, I will.

真题解析: How often do you go online?本题考查对询问某动作或某状态发生的频率的 回答。题目意思为"你多久上一次网?"How often 意为"多长时间一次", 用于询问频率, 其答语中要有表示时间频率的词语,因此 C 选项(每天。)是最佳答案。

e.g. 音频 10 (2014.12)

- A) 20 dollars.
- B) I know. C) Just call me. D) A good job.

真题解析: How much does the T-shirt cost? 本题考查对询问价钱的回答。题目意思是 "这件 T 恤衫多少钱?" How much 意为"多少钱", 用于询问价钱, 其答语中要有表示价 钱的词语, 因此答案为 A 选项。

- (3) 询问时间: What time / When ...? (什么时候?)
- e.g. 音频 11 (2007.6)
 - A) It's early.

- B) Eight hours.
- C) Yes, I'd love to.
- D) At half past eight.

真题解析: What time do you usually go to work? 本题考查对询问时间的回答。题目意 思是"你通常什么时候上班?" What time 意为"什么时候", 用于询问时间, 其答语中要 有表示时间点的词语,因此答案为 D 选项。

e.g. 音频 12 (2007.12)

A) After December 24.

B) It's too hot in June.

C) My pleasure.

D) No problem.

真题解析: When can I take my winter vacation? 本题考查对询问时间的回答。题目意思 是"我什么时候可以度假呢?" When 意为"什么时候", 用于询问时间, 其答语中要有表 示时间点的词语,因此答案为 A 选项。

(4) 询问状况: How ...? (……怎么样?)

e.g. 音频 13 (2013.6)

A) Not at all.

B) Not too bad

C) I can do it well.

D) Give me a hand, please.

真题解析: Haven't seen you for ages. How are you doing? 本题考查对询问状况的回答, 可根据实际情况回答。若近况不错,可回答 I'm fine, thanks./ Not bad./ Not too bad.等; 若近 况不佳,可回答 Not good.。由此可知, B 选项为正确答案。

e.g. 音频 14(2005.12)

A) Wonderful.

B) Here you are.

C) Thank you. D) I'll take one.

真题解析: Hello, Mr. Smith. How is your journey? 本题考查 How(如何)问句的回答。 题目的意思是"你好史密斯,你的旅程如何?"A选项Wonderful(非常棒。)为正确答案。

3. 陈述句

(1) 感谢用语: Thank you./Many thanks.

常选的答案有: You are welcome. / My pleasure. / Not at all. / Never mind.

e.g. 音频 15 (2006.12)

A) Yes, of course.

B) Is it true?

C) You're welcome.

D) No, thanks.

真题解析: Thank you very much for your help. 本题考查对感谢用语的回答, 题目的意 思是"非常感谢您的帮助。"解答本题的关键是要抓住开头的 thank you, 相应的回答是 C 选项 You're welcome. (不用客气。)

e.g. 音频 16(2013.6)

A) I'm sorry to hear that. B) No, nothing special.

C) My pleasure.

D) Me too.

真题解析: Thank you very much for seeing me off at the airport. 本题考查对感谢用语的 回答。题目的意思是"非常感谢您来机场为我送行。"解答本题的关键是要抓住开头的 thank you, 相应的回答是 C 选项 My pleasure. (我很乐意。)

(2) 道歉用语: I'm sorry ...

常选的答案有: That's all right. / It doesn't matter.

e.g. 音频 17 (2006.12)

A) It's possible.

B) That's all right.

C) No way.

D) My pleasure.

真题解析: I'm terribly sorry we are late. 本题考查对道歉用语的回答。题目意思是"非 常抱歉我们迟到了。"解答本题的关键是要抓住句中的 sorry,相应的回答是 B 选项 That's all right.(没关系。)

e.g. 音频 18 (2006.12)

A) Nothing serious.

B) That's right.

C) That's all right.

D) You are welcome.

真题解析: I'm sorry to have taken your bag by mistake. 本题考查对道歉用语的回答。 题目意思是"很抱歉我拿错了你的包。"解答本题的关键是要抓住句中的 sorry, 相应的回 答是 C 选项 That's all right.(没关系。)

() Section B

Section B 中的每组对话只有两句, 出题方向比较明显, 答案一般直接体现在对话中, 不需要做太多的推测。主要出题类型有事实细节题、判断推理题、时间数字题、地点场景 题、身份关系题。

在这部分中,判断推理题相对来说比较难,其核心的考查内容是考生对对话双方话语 的理解程度。遇到这类考题时,考生要根据对话人的用词、语气及语义等来正确理解并做 出推断。

一般来讲, 询问数字的题目包括询问价格、时间、做某事的频率等, 主要包括以下句型:

How much ...?/ What time/ When ...?/ How often ...?

而地点场景题则可通过提问方式判断,一般以下列句子进行提问:

Where does the conversation most likely take place?

Where does the conversation probably take place?

身份关系题的提问方式也很直接,一般是 What is the probable relationship between the two speakers?

e.g. 音频 1 (2009.12)

A) The first floor.

B) The second floor.

C) The third floor.

D) The fourth floor.

真题解析:

M: Excuse me, where is the manager's office?

W: It's on the second floor.

Q: On which floor is the manager's office?

由选项可得出结论,题目中的"楼层"是关键词,听力重点应放在涉及楼层的数字上, 因此答案为 B 选项。

e.g. 音频 2 (2011.12)

A) Write a report. B) Type a report. C) Send a report. D) Read a report.

真题解析:

W: Do you want me to write the report for you?

M: No, thanks. I'll do it myself.

Q: What will the man do?

4个选项均包含"a report", 关键在于动词的选择。考生只要把关注点放在听 a report 前面的动词即可。答案为A选项。

e.g. 音频 3 (2009.6)

A) In a bank. B) In a restaurant.

C) In a hospital. D) In a bookstore.

真题解析:

M: Excuse me, where can I find English-Chinese dictionaries?

W: They are on the second floor.

Q: Where does the conversation most probably take place?

该题属于地点场景题,根据男士问在哪可以找到英汉字典,可以得知对话发生在图书 馆, 故答案为 D 选项。

e.g. 音频 4 (2007.6)

A) They will stay at home.

B) They will be late.

C) They won't go to the party.

D) They won't be late.

真题解析:

W: I'm afraid we'll be late for the party.

M: Don't worry. There is still twenty minutes to go.

Q: What does the man mean?

从对话中女士所说的话"恐怕我们参加晚会要迟到了。"和男士回答"别着急,还有 20 分钟呢。"可以推断答案应为 D 选项。

e.g. 音频 5 (2010.6)

A) Teacher and student.

B) Manager and secretary.

C) Police officer and driver.

D) Husband and wife.

真题解析:

M: Please show me your driver's license, Madam?

W:What's the problem, officer?

Q:What' the possible relationship between these two speakers?

该题属于身份关系题,男士让女士初始出示驾驶证,由此得知他们是警察和驾驶员的 关系, 故答案为 C 选项。

e.g. 音频 6 (2010.12)

A) A writer.

B) A musician.

C) An engineer.

D) A doctor.

真题解析:

W: Have you ever thought about your future career?

M: Sure, I'd like to be an engineer.

O: What does the man want to be in the future?

从选项中可看出这是考查与职业相关的事实细节题,答案为 C 选项。

e.g. 音频 7 (2007.6)

A) She doesn't need his help.

B) She doesn't like the man.

C) She wants to work for the man.

D) She wants to ask for help.

真题解析:

M: Is there anything I can do for you?

W: Thank you very much. But I can do it all by myself.

Q: What does the woman mean?

该题属于判断推理题。通过女士说的"不过我都能自己做。"可知她不需要男士的帮助, 因此答案为 A 选项。

e.g. 音频 8 (2008.6)

A) He can't call a taxi for her.

B) There is no taxi.

C) The traffic is heavy.

D) The line is busy.

真题解析:

M: Excuse me. Can you call a taxi for me?

W: Sorry, the telephone is out of order.

Q: What does the man mean?

本题属于判断推理题。只要知道 the telephone is out of order 的意思是"电话打不通", 就可得出正确答案为 D 选项。

(三) Section C

Section C 中的提问形式多为特殊疑问句,通常以 what、which、where、why、when、how how many、how much 等开头,问题的主要题型有地点场景题、事实细节题、判断推理题和时间数字题。

1. 地点场景题

这类对话主要考查考生在特定语境中判断对话发生的地点、对话人物的去向等。常用的提问句型为 Where does the conversation most probably take place?。

e.g. 音频 1 (2014.12)

A) In a hospital.

B) In a cafe.

C) In an office.

D) In a computer shop.

真题解析:

W: Let's take a coffee break, shall we?

M: Sorry, I can't.

W: Why are you so busy?

M: Well, I have got to finish this report.

W: You can't just stay on the computer forever.

M: But I have to finish it this morning.

W: Anyway, I think you do need to take a break.

Q: Where does the conversation most probably take place?

根据 report 和 computer 可判断对话应发生在办公室, 故选择 C 选项。

e.g. 音频 2 (2013.6)

A) In a bank.

B) In a shop.

C) In a supermarket.

D) At airport.

真题解析:

W: I would like to open an account.

M: A deposit account or a current account?

W: Er ... I am not sure. You see, I have monthly money sent to me from China and I would to have the money paid into an account.

M: Then you'd better open a current account. The bank will give you a cheque book and you can take money out when you like.

W: Fine. What do I have to do?

M: Just fill in this form. Do you have any means of identification on you?

W: Will my passport do?

M: Sure.

Q: Where are the two speakers?

女士说想开个账户,这只能发生在银行,故 A 选项正确。

2. 事实细节题

这类对话涉及内容广泛,提问方式也有多种。考题大多围绕人物和事件细节,考生要抓住关键的单词、句子和短语。

e.g. 音频 3 (2011.12)

A) He didn't like it.

B) He didn't get enough money.

C) He had to work.

D) He went to sail abroad.

真题解析:

W: Hello, can I help you?

M: I'd like to go on a sailing holiday this summer in Italy.

W: Have you sailed before?

M: No, I wanted to go to Sweden last year, but I didn't have enough money.

W: Well, it's quite expensive. Sailing abroad holidays start at about 300 pounds.

M: OK. I can afford it if it is no more than 400 pounds.

Q: Why didn't the man go to Sweden last year?

男士说去年没去瑞典是因为钱不够,重点在于否定词 didn't,所以正确答案为 B 选项。

e.g. 音频 4 (2011.12)

A) Money.

B) Car.

C) Bill.

D. Trust.

真题解析:

W: I had a big argument with David yesterday. I hope he is still not mad at me.

M: What did you argue about?

W: He borrowed some money from me and I needed it back. He said he didn't have the money yet.

M: Well, he should pay your back. It's only fair.

W: Yes, but I got angry with him too quickly. He probably thought I mistrusted him. I need the money to pay an unexpected bill.

M: Well, talk to him about it next time. He will understand you.

W: You are right. We should try to rebuild good relations.

M: Of course you should.

Q: What did the woman and David argue about?

男士问女士为什么吵架,女士回答说戴维向她借了钱,她问他要回来,所以正确答案为 A 选项。

3. 判断推理题

这类题是对话部分的常考题型,也是最难的一类题型,主要测试考生根据对话的含义判断 出说话人的态度、观点、意图、目的等的能力。考生应注意特殊句式、句子语调、习惯用语等。

e.g. 音频 5 (2012.6)

A) Teaching.

B) Translation.

C) Writing.

D) Reporting.

真题解析:

W: Hello, Mr. Smith. Please have a seat. The interview will begin shortly.

M: Thank you.

W: Please tell us about yourself. How long have you been in Beijing?

M: I came here 3 years ago after graduating from college.

W: I see, and what sort of work have you been doing these past few years?

M: Previously, I worked in translation and teaching. Now I am a writer for a magazine here in the city.

Q: What kind of job is he doing now?

男士说他现在是一份杂志的撰稿人,由此得知他从事的是写作工作,所以正确答案为 C 选项。

e.g. 音频 6 (2013.12)

- A) Because the woman didn't show him the receipt.
- B) Because the thing she wanted to change had been worn.
- C) Because the woman told a lie.
- D) Because he had no way.

真题解析:

M: Can I help you?

W: Yes, well, I bought this tie last week for my husband's birthday, and er ... well, he doesn't like it. Could I change it for something else, such as a shirt or a hat?

M: Certainly. Madam, provided that it hasn't been worn, and if you have the receipt.

W: Yes, here it is.

M: Ok, er ... this tie looks as if it were worn. I'm afraid I can't put that back on the shelf.

W: Oh, that is a pity.

Q: Why did the man refuse to change another tie for the woman?

男士看了领带后发现领带似乎被戴过了, 所以不能再放回货架上, 由此推断出原因, 所以正确答案为 B 选项。

4. 时间数字题

这类题的答案主要包括年代、日期、时间、年龄、价钱、人数及电话号码等,并要求 考生把听到的数字联系起来进行一次简单的加减乘除运算。考生应熟悉时间表达法和表达 数字关系的词,如 half、quarter、3% off等。

e.g. 音频 7 (2013.12)

A) 77231059.

B) 77230195.

C) 77321059. D) 77321095.

真题解析:

W: Hello. Is this Dr. Smith's office?

M: Yes, it is. May I help you?

W: Yes, I would like to speak to Dr. Smith, please.

M: Dr. Smith went home this afternoon. May I ask who is calling?

W: This is Jim White.

M: Oh, yes, Mr. White. Dr. Smith asked me to give you his home phone number.

W: Just a minute, please. Yes, what is the phone number?

M: His number is 77231059.

W: Thank you very much.

M: That's all right.

Q: What's Dr. Smith's home phone number?

听音时注意观察数字的不同之处,并重点听不同的地方,采取排除法,故 A 选项正确。

e.g. 音频 8 (2012.6)

A) \$ 10.

B) \$ 3.75.

C) \$ 2.50.

D) \$ 3.

真题解析:

M: I'd like to book a few seats for Hamlet, please.

W: Yes, sir.

M: Have you got any seats downstairs?

W: Yes, we have.

M: How much are they?

W: \$3.75 each.

M: Are there any seats for \$2.50?

W: Yes, there are upstairs. How many?

M: Four, please.

W: For which night?

M: What about Saturday, October 21st?

W: I can give you four seats in Row 8.

M: How long will the performance last?

W: Two and a half hours.

M: Thank you. How much will that be in all?

Q: How much does each upstairs ticket cost?

男士问有没有 2.5 美元的票, 女士回答说是楼上的票, 因此正确的答案为 C 选项。

(四) Section D

Section D 是考生在听力理解部分得分率较低的地方,考生除了要听出所缺单词或短语外,还要将单词或短语正确拼写出来。从所填单词频率来看,动词、名词、形容词等实词类的词和词组出现的频率较高,而介词、连词等虚词类的词和词组出现的频率相对较低。考生的失分点主要在于听辨不出所缺单词,尤其是在有连读的情况下。另外,单词拼写失误也十分常见。因此,考生应在日常复习中多听、多读,并提高单词拼写的准确性。

e.g. 音频 1 (2009.12)

Ladies and gentlemen, welcome to you all. We are pleased to have you to visit our company. To	oday,
we will first1 you round our company, and then you will go and see our2	and
research center. The research center was just a year ago. You may ask any ques	stion
you have during the visit. We will to make you visit comfortable and worthwhile	le.

Again, I would like to extend a warmest welcome to all of you on behalf of our company, and I hope that you will enjoy your stay here and _______.

真题解析:通过对全文的浏览可以知道,这篇短文主要是向来宾介绍公司。空格 1 在助动词 will 的后面,要用动词原形,答案 show sb. round 是个固定搭配。空格 2 在物主代词 our 后面,要接名词 factory。空格 3 根据句型分析得知要用动词的被动形式,因此要把 build 改成 built。空格 4、5 则分别考查词组 try our best 和 have a good time。

该题答案为: 1. show; 2. factory; 3. built; 4. try our best; 5. have a good time。

三、技巧归纳

1. 听前预测

听力考试开始前应快速浏览 4 个选项或短文内容, 理解各个选项的含义并对答案进行

预判,以便掌握重点,从而在听的时候提升准确率。通过听前预测可排除不符合对话习惯 的选项,如选项中出现 Yes 或 No,则应在听的时候特别注意句子的语调,判断句子是否为 一般疑问句; 也可推测出关键词, 如选项中出现数字, 则在听的时候应多注意是否有询问 时间、价格或电话号码之类的关键词。

- (1)排除不符合对话习惯的选项。
- e.g. 音频 1(2013.12)
 - A) OK, thank you.
- B) It doesn't matter.
- C) It's over there.
- D) No way.

真题解析: 在浏览 4 个选项之后,可以基本排除 D 选项 No way(没门),因为在拒绝 别人的时候我们一般会保持礼貌原则, No way 显得太直接而且欠缺礼貌, 不符合对话习惯, 可以基本排除。

题目句子为 "Excuse me, where is the information center?"(不好意思,请问信息中心在 哪儿?)由此可确定 No way 不可能是正确选项, 此题应选择 C 选项。

- (2)注意句子语调。
- e.g. 音频 2(2013.6)
- A) Yes, please.
- B) Here it is.
- C) Mind your step. D) Have a nice day.

真题解析: A 选项中出现 Yes 开头的选项, 因此应在听的时候特别注意句子的语调。 题目句子为 Hello, may I come in to see the manager?句子语调为升调,为一般疑问句,应多 注意以 Yes 或 No 开头的选项, 因此 A 选项正确。

- (3)推敲关键词。
- e.g. 音频 3 (2011.12)
 - A) Don't mention it.
- B) At about two o'clock.
- C) Thanks for your help. D) It's 54576862.

真题解析: 选项中出现了时间和电话号码, 因此应在听的时候特别注意是否有时间或 电话号码的关键词,如 when、what time 或 phone number 等。题目句子为 Can I have your phone number, please?本题考查电话号码及其回答, 4个选项中只有 D 选项中一连串的数字 是电话号码,所以是正确答案。

2. 上下文推测

浏览短文时应通过全文大意和空格前后的单词,对空格中所应填入的单词进行推测, 以便在听力考试中快速反应出正确答案。

e.g. 音频 4 (2012.6)

I am working with a computer company. My family lives near the railway station, and within five minutes' walk to a shopping _____1. We live in a flat with 3 bedrooms and a very large _____ 2 ____. There is a beautiful garden, too. The house is very ____ 3 ____ to live in. However, for my convenience to go to work and _____ 4 ___ lost on the way, I would like to exchange my house for a similar one or even a bit smaller one near my workplace.

If you are interested, please call me at 5538765 _____ or email me at bhousing@gmail.com.

真题解析:通过上下文可对空格 1、2、3、5 进行预测。根据空格 1 前的 shopping (购 物)可推测出该空格可能填 center 构成的词组 shopping center(购物中心);根据空格 2 前的 bedrooms(卧室)和 large(大的),可推测出公寓有 3 个卧室和 1 个大客厅,因此该空格可能 填 living room(客厅);由空格 3 前面提及的公寓有 3 个卧室、大客厅及漂亮的花园,可推 断出该公寓应该非常舒服,因此该空格可能填写 comfortable (舒服的); 空格 5 由后面的电 子邮箱可推测出应是办公时间(office hours)拨打该电话。

该题答案为 1. center; 2. living room; 3. comfortable; 4. save the time; 5. office hours。

3. 熟记不同场景用语及固定搭配

听力内容涉及很多场景,如办公室、银行、购物、旅游等,不同场景都有其特定的用 语。例如,银行场景的用语有 open an account(开户)、deposit(存款,定金,押金)、withdraw money(取钱)、interest(利息)等。

Section D 也考查固定词组、固定搭配的拼写,因此考生应熟记不同场景用语及固定搭 配,以便在考试中可以快速反应,找到解题的关键。

常考的固定搭配、词组总结如下:

think about 考虑,想起

far away... 远离……

set up 建立

on average 平均

carry out 执行

find out 发现,找出

look for 寻找

first of all 首先

look forward to 期望, 盼望

lead to 导致

give up 放弃

in particular 特别是,尤其是

such as 例如

for example 比如

all kinds of 各种各样的

4. 语气、语调和重读

在英语听力中,尤其是对话时,语气和语调是十分重要的。很多时候,不同的语气会 透露出不同的信息。例如,下面的对话:

A: Lily, can you give me your book?

B: Sorry? (**/**)

Lily 用升调说 Sorry, 相当于 I didn't hear you. Could you say that again, please?

再看以下对话:

A:Lily, can you give me your book?

B: Sorry. (∑)

在这个对话中, Lily 用降调说 Sorry, 显然其意思是拒绝或无能为力。

5. 记笔记技巧

在 Section C 部分, 考生会听到两组相对较长的对话, 在听的时候, 可以针对关键信息

做笔记。笔记一定要简洁明了,在选项旁尽可能记下文中所提及的人名、地名、各种数据、事实和理由等自己认为重要的信息。做笔记时,既可以用开头几个字母来代替整个单词,也可以用自己看得懂的符号替代某个单词或短语。在听的过程中,也可以边听边快速核对 A、B、C、D 各选项内容,用对错符号加以标识,或针对不同选项就内容做简单笔记。一般情况下,要注意转折词和否定词后的内容,答案往往会出现在那里。下面以实例进行说明。

e.g. 音频 5(2015.6)

选择项:

1. A) Mrs. Green.

B) Mrs. Smith.

C) Mr. Kale.

D) Mr. Black.

2. A) On Friday.

B) On Wednesday.

C) On Thursday.

D) On Monday.

3. A) Write a letter.

B) Arrange the meeting.

C) Send an email.

D) Pass a message.

根据前面提到的预测法,我们可以从答案选项中看出这 3 个问题属于事实细节题,第 1 题涉及名字,第 2 题是关于日期的,第 3 题则考查动词词组。因此,考生在听的过程中,要根据预期问题所涉及的方向做简要笔记。做笔记的时候一定要简洁明了,可以只用简单的符号标记。例如,人名 Mr. Black 省略为 B;用数字 5 代替星期五。

因此, 当问题提出时, 考生便可根据笔记轻松地选出正确答案: 1. D 2. A 3. D。

6. 短文听写技巧

在播放听力材料前,考生会有几分钟的时间,此时可快速浏览全文,了解文章的大意,把握全文的主要时态,并根据上下文对填入的内容进行预测。如果是动词,则应注意第三人称、时态和语态(主动或被动);如果是名词,则应听清是单数还是复数;如果是形容词或副词,则应注意它的前后是否有比较级或最高级的标志,如 than 和 the。

在播放听力材料过程中,考生要集中精力捕捉缺失的信息,在每个空格之间几秒的停顿时间里快速做记录,记录答案时应尽量简单,自己能看得懂就行。遇到没听清或者不会写的情况时不要慌张,要随着录音的播放进入下一个空格的思路,而不要在不会的地方做太久的停顿。

在播放听力材料的最后一遍时,考生要仔细检查、核对已听到的答案,注意单词拼写的正确性。另外,当所填入的词位于句首时,切记首字母要大写。

听力材料播放结束后,如果还有捕捉不到的信息,考生则可以根据所听单词的发音及 上下文意思进行推测写出答案。

四、模拟提高

练习1(2015.6)

Part I Listening Comprehension (25 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 4 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper responses. There are 7 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken **two** times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

You will read: A) I'm not sure

B) You're right

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, **C)** Yes, certainly. is the correct answer. You should mark C on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

[A] [B] [C] [D]

Now the test will begin.

1. A) You are late.

B) My pleasure.

C) Fine. Thanks.

D) Go ahead, please.

2. A) I'm John Smith.

B) Thank you.

C) Not too bad.

D) It's over there.

3. A) Pass it to me, please.

B) Yes, of course.

C) This way, please.

D) Don't worry.

4. A) All right.

B) Not at all.

C) I'm fine.

B) Thank you for coming.

5. A) Here you are.C) It's too late.

D) Yes, once a month.

D) It doesn't matter.

6. A) Never mind.

B) Mind your steps.

C) Sure.

D) Don't mention it.

7. A) Long time no see.

B) Here it is.

C) Coffee, please.

D) No problem.

Section B

Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 7 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken **two times**. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center. Now listen to the dialogue.

8. A) He missed the bus.

B) He got to the wrong place.

C) He forgot the time.

D) He was sick.

9. A) By a gift card.B) By cheque.C) In cash.D) By credit card.

10. A) The man's foreign language ability.

B) The man's education background.

C) The man's communication skill.

D) The man's work experience.

11. A) She doesn't like her job. B) She has changed her job.

C) She is retired. D) She has quit her job.

12. A) From its advertisement. B) From its website.

C) From its newspaper. D) From its sales people.

13. A) In a hospital. B) In a hotel.

C) In a restaurant. D) In a supermarket.

14. A) Today. B) Next Monday.

C) Tomorrow. D) This Friday.

Section C

Directions: In this section, there are 2 recorded conversations. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken **two times**. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center. Now listen to the conversations.

Conversation 1

15. A) Meet a friend. B) Visit a patient.

C) See a doctor. D) Look for a dentist.

16. A) He's caught a cold. B) He's got a headache.

C) He's got his leg broken. D) He's got a fever.

Conversation 2

17. A) Mrs. Green. B) Mrs. Smith.

C) Mr. Kale. D) Mr. Black.

18. A) On Friday. B) On Wednesday.

C) On Thursday. D) On Monday.

19. A) Write a letter. B) Arrange the meeting.

C) Send an email. D) Pass a message.

Section D

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read **three times**. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer

Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

练习 2 (2014.12)

Part I Listening Comprehension (25 minutes)

Directions: This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 4 sections.

Section A

Directions: This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 7 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken **two times**. When you hear a question, you should decide on the answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Example: You will hear:

You will read:

A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly. is the correct answer. You should mark C on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Now the test will begin.

1. A) How are you?

B) Yes, I'm looking for a gift.

C) Mind your step.

D) No hurry at all.

2. A) A good job.

B) I know.

C) Just call me.

D) 20 dollars.

3. A) I'm John Brown.

B) At two o'clock.

C) She's not here.

D) Don't worry.

4. A) Good idea.

B) No, thanks.

C) It's over there.

D) That's all right.

5. A) Yes, of course.

B) By train.

C) See you again.

D) It doesn't matter.

6. A) Don't mention it.

B) Let's go.

- C) Okay.

 D) This way, please.

 7. A) Never mind.
 B) Take care.
 D) Here you are.

 Section B

 Directions: This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 7 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. Both the dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper.

 8. A) Fine.
 B) Difficult.
 C) Bad.
 D) Slow.
 - 9. A) He's writing a report. B) He's on a business trip. C) He's attending a meeting. D) He's on his holiday. 10. A) Quite boring. B) Very good. C) Too simple. D) So difficult. 11. A) He got a new job. B) He was on holiday. C) He had a car accident. D) He was ill. 12. A) Send an email. B) Book a ticket. C) Visit the company. D) Copy a report. 13. A) The Marketing Department. B) The Production Department. C) The Sales Department. D) The Engineering Department. 14. A) It is easy to repair. B) It often breaks down. D) It works fine. C) It is very expensive.

Section C

Directions: In this section, there are 2 recorded conversations. After each conversation, there are some recorded questions. Both the conversations and questions will be spoken **two times**. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper.

Conversation 1

15. A) Visit a friend. B) Take a holiday. C) See a movie. D) Attend a concert.
16. A) A car. B) A bike. C) A camera. D) A printer.
Conversation 2
17. A) Send an email. B) Go for a walk. C) Talk to the manager. D) Have a break.

18. A) He has to meet a client.B) He has to finish a report.C) He has to prepare for a meeting.D) He has to fix his computer.

19. A) In an office.B) In a cafe.C) In a hospital.D) In a computer shop.

Section D

Directions: In this section you will hear a recorded short passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read **three times**. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks according to what you hear. The third reading is for you to check your writing.

Ladies and gentlemen, our plane is flying smoothly now. The duty-free sales will soon begin. Please _______ your list of purchases. In your seat pocket, you can find the Shopping on Board magazine. All prices are listed both in the local currency (货币) and in U.S. dollars. And you can pay ______ 21.___ or by using a credit card. We accept ______ 22.___ major credit cards. Frequent passengers win points ______ 23.___ on board. There are some excellent bargains and there are several items specially designed for our _____ 24.____. Thank you!

五、参考答案

练习 1(2015.6)

Section A $1\sim7$ CABADCD

Section B $8\sim14$ ADDCBAC

Section C $15\sim19$ CADAD

Section D 20. sales manager 21.new idea 22. development 23. success

24. American market

Script:

- 1. Q: How is everything going, Peter?
- 2. Q: May I have your name, please?
- 3. Q: Do you like to chat in English online?
- 4. Q: Would you please sign your name here, sir?
- 5. Q: Do you often travel on business?
- 6. Q: Can you put me through to the manager's office?
- 7. Q: Shall we arrange a meeting sometime next week?
- 8. W: Tom, why were you late for the interview?
 - M: I missed the bus.
 - Q: Why was Tom late?
- 9. W: How do you like to pay for the computer?
 - M: By credit card, please.
 - Q: How will the man pay for the computer?
- 10. W: We are really impressed by your work experience.
 - M: Thank you very much.

- Q: What impressed the woman deeply?
- 11. W: Mary, why isn't Linda working here now?
 - M: She retired last week.
 - O: What can we learn about Linda from the conversation?
- 12. M: Excuse me. Where can I learn more about your company?
 - W: From our website.
 - Q: Where can the man get more information about the company?
- 13. M: Good morning. I have an appointment with Doctor Green at 10:30.
 - W: Please wait a moment. He is with another patient.
 - Q: Where does the conversation most probably take place?
- 14. W: I'm afraid we can't have the meeting today as John isn't here.
 - M: I see. Let's have it tomorrow.
 - Q: When will they have the meeting?

Conversation 1

- W: Good morning. May I help you?
- M: Yes, I would like to see a doctor, please.
- W: Are you a new patient here?
- M: Yes. This is my first time here.
- W: I see. What's your trouble?
- M: I've caught a bad cold.
- 15. What does the man want to do?
- 16. What's the matter with the man?

Conversation 2

- W: Good afternoon, Tangle Industries.
- M: Hello, may I speak to Mr. Black, please?
- W: I'm sorry. He is not in. can I take a message?
- M: Yes. I'm John Brown. Please tell him our meeting will be held on Friday at 3:30.
- W: Friday at 3:30.
- M: And would you ask him to call me this afternoon?
- W: Yes, what's your phone number, please?
- M: It's 3584058.
- W: OK, I will pass the message to Mr. Black.
- 17. Whom does the man want to speak to?
- 18. When will they have the meeting?
- 19. What will the woman do for the man?

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. Thank you very much for coming to our conference this afternoon. I'm Henry Johnson, the <u>sales manager</u> of Smart Toys. Now, I'd like to introduce you to a completely <u>new idea</u> of toy manufacture. Firstly, I'll talk about the market research

which led to the <u>development</u> of this product. Then I'll explain the production and our sales plan. Finally, I'll make some suggestions so that you can make this product a <u>success</u>. We are confident this new product will sell well in the <u>American market</u>. At the end of my speech, we'll have a question-and-answer section.

练习 2(2014.12)

Section A $1\sim7$ BDACACD

Section B $8\sim14$ ACBDBAD

Section C $15\sim19$ B C D B A

Section D 20. prepare 21. by cash 23. most 24. on all sales 25. airline

Script:

- 1. Q: Can I help you, Madam?
- 2. Q: How much does the T-shirt cost?
- 3. Q: May I have your name, please?
- 4. Q: Where can I find an application form, sir?
- 5. Q: Can I leave a message for him?
- 6. Q: Shall I meet you in your office this afternoon?
- 7. Q: Could I have your business card?
- 8. W: How is your business going on?
 - M: I'm lucky enough. It's quite good.
 - Q: How is the man's business now?
- 9. M: May I talk to Mr. Smith about the sales plan?
 - W: Sorry, he's in a meeting.
 - Q: What is Mr. Smith doing now?
- 10. W: This is a very good presentation, isn't it?
 - M: Yes, I like it very much.
 - Q: What does the man think of the presentation?
- 11. W: I didn't see you in the office yesterday.
 - M: I didn't come because I was ill.
 - Q: What happened to the man yesterday?
- 12. M: Please tell John to book a flight ticket for me.
 - W: OK. I'll tell him right now.
 - Q: What does the man want John to do?
- 13. W: Does your company still need a secretary, sir?
 - M: Yes, we need a secretary in our Marketing Department.
 - Q: Which department is to hire a secretary?
- 14. W: Have you bought a car?

M: Yes, it's a second-hand car but it works well.

Q: What does the man say about his second-hand car?

Conversation 1

W: Hi, Robert. This is Jane.

M: Hi, Jane. What's up?

W: I'm going on a holiday. Could I borrow your camera for two weeks?

M: That's OK.

W: Thanks a lot. Could I pick it up tonight?

M: Yeah, I guess so.

15. What is the woman going to do?

16. What is the woman going to borrow from the man?

Conversation 2

W: Let's take a coffee break, shall we?

M: Sorry, I can't.

W: Why are you so busy?

M: Well, I've got to finish this report.

W: You can't just stay on the computer forever.

M: But I have to finish it this morning.

W: Anyway, I think you do need to take a break.

17. What does the woman ask the man to do?

18. Why is the man so busy?

19. Where does the conversation most probably take place?

Section D

Ladies and gentlemen, our plane is flying smoothly now. The duty-free sales will soon begin. Please <u>prepare</u> your list of purchases. In your seat pocket, you can find the Shopping on Board magazine. All prices are listed both in the local currency (货币) and in U.S. dollars. And you can pay <u>by cash</u> or by using a credit card. We accept <u>most</u> major credit cards. Frequent passengers win points <u>on all sales</u> on board. There are some excellent bargains and there are several items specially designed for our <u>airline</u>. Thank you!